

# **Moxa VPort 461A Software User's Manual**

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[www.moxa.com/product](http://www.moxa.com/product)

**MOXA**®

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# Moxa VPort 461A Software User's Manual

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# Before Getting Started

Before using your VPort IP products, be sure to read the following instructions:

- ❑ To prevent damage or problems caused by improper use, read the **Quick Installation Guide** (the printed handbook included in the package) before assembling and operating the device and peripherals.

## Important Note

- ❑ Surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. Since the VPort is both a high performance surveillance system and networked video server, verify that the operation of such devices is legal in your locality before installing this unit for surveillance purposes.

# Table of Contents

<b>1. Introduction</b> .....	<b>1-1</b>
Overview .....	1-2
Version Information .....	1-2
<b>2. Getting Started</b> .....	<b>2-1</b>
Introduction .....	2-2
Software Installation .....	2-2
<b>3. Accessing the VPort's Web-based Manager</b> .....	<b>3-1</b>
Functions Featured on the VPort's Web Homepage .....	3-2
VPort's Information .....	3-2
Server Name .....	3-2
Camera Image View .....	3-2
Client Settings .....	3-3
System Configuration .....	3-3
Video Information .....	3-4
Show PTZ Control Panel .....	3-5
Snapshot.....	3-6
Relay Control).....	3-6
<b>4. System Configuration</b> .....	<b>4-1</b>
System Configuration by Web Console .....	4-2
Profiles .....	4-3
System .....	4-4
Network .....	4-11
Video .....	4-24
Audio.....	4-28
Metadata.....	4-29
Streaming .....	4-29
PTZ .....	4-30
Event.....	4-36
Actions.....	4-40
<b>A. Frequently Asked Questions</b> .....	<b>A-1</b>
<b>B. Time Zone Table</b> .....	<b>B-1</b>
<b>C. VPort 461A Modbus Address Table</b> .....	<b>C-1</b>

# Introduction

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This software user's manual is designed for the VPort 461A firmware.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- **Overview**
- **Version Information**

## Overview

The VPort is supported with ONVIF Profile S specification. The ONVIF specification is an open standard protocol for communicating between IP-based security devices. An ONVIF profile is described by a fixed set of functionalities through a number of services that are provided by the ONVIF standard. ONVIF Profile S allows the ONVIF device and client to communicate information about the PTZ, audio and metadata streaming, and relay outputs.

VPort IP video products with ONVIF Profile S compliance can work with most VMS software for building a complete IP surveillance system immediately, without needing to spend time integrating your hardware and software. ONVIF Profile S saves both time and resources when using VPort IP cameras with VMS software.

## Version Information

The current version information is listed below:

- ONVIF Core specifications: V2.2
- ONVIF Test tool: 13.12
- VPort Models

Model	Firmware Version
VPort 461A series	V1.0

**NOTE** The version information given here may change as new versions of the firmware are developed. Check [www.moxa.com/support](http://www.moxa.com/support) for the latest firmware information, and to download updated user's manuals.

**NOTE** To see which VPort models support Profile S, check the ONVIF website at <http://www.onvif.org/> for updated information related to VPort models.

## Getting Started

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This chapter includes information about how to get started with the VPort's software configuration.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- **Introduction**
- **Software Installation**

# Introduction

In what follows, “user” refers to those who can access the IP camera, and “administrator” refers to the person who knows the root password that allows changes to the IP camera’s configuration and has the right to assign general access to other users. Administrators should read this part of the manual carefully, especially during installation.

## Software Installation


### Step 1: Configure the VPort’s IP address

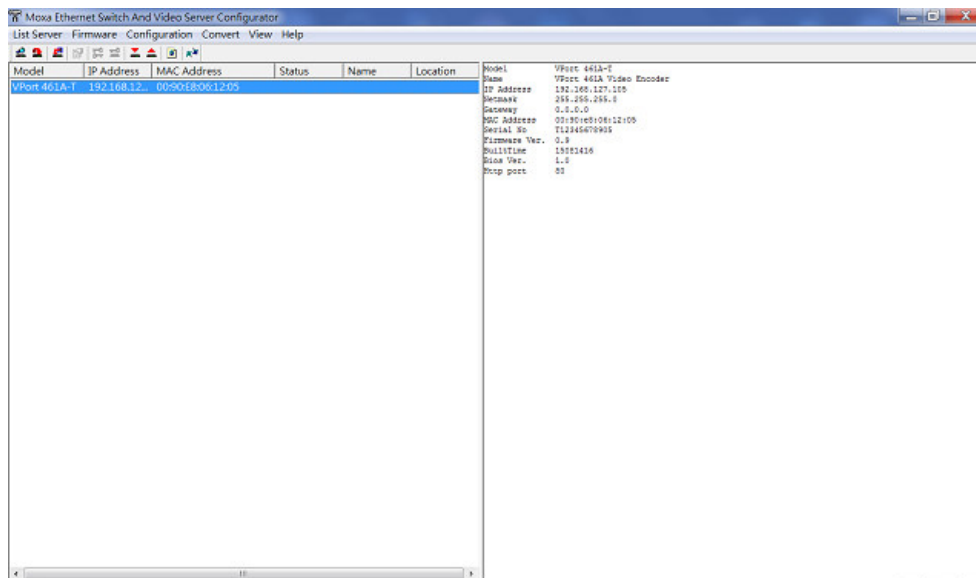
When the VPort is first powered on, the POST (Power On Self Test) will run for about 30 to 40 seconds. The network environment determines how the IP address is assigned.

#### Network environments with a DHCP server

In this case, the unit’s IP address will be assigned by the network’s DHCP server. Refer to the DHCP server’s IP address table to determine the unit’s assigned IP address. You may also use the Moxa VPort and EtherDevice Configurator Utility (edscfgui.exe), as described below:

#### Using the Moxa VPort and EtherDevice Configurator Utility (edscfgui.exe)

1. Run the **edscfgui.exe** program to search for the VPort. After the utility’s window opens, you may also click on the **Search** button  to initiate a search.
2. When the search has concluded, the Model Name, MAC address, IP address, serial port, and HTTP port of the VPort will be listed in the utility’s window.



3. Double click the selected VPort, or use the IE web browser to access the VPort’s web-based manager (web server).

#### Network environments that do NOT have a DHCP server

If your VPort is connected to a network that does not have a DHCP server, then you will need to configure the IP address manually. The default IP address of the VPort is 192.168.127.100 and the default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0. Note that you may need to change your computer’s IP address and subnet mask so that the computer is on the same subnet as the VPort.

To change the IP address of the VPort manually, access the VPort’s web server, and then navigate to the **System Configuration** → **Network** → **General** page to configure the IP address and other network settings. Checkmark **Use fixed IP address** to ensure that the IP address you assign is not deleted each time the VPort is restarted.



## Step 2: Access the VPort’s web-based manager

Type the IP address in the web browser’s address input box and then press enter.

## Step 3: Install the ActiveX Control plug-in

A security warning message will appear the first time you access the VPort’s web-based manager. The message is related to installing the VPort ActiveX Control component on your PC or notebook. Click **Install** to install this plug-in to enable the IE web browser for viewing video images.



**NOTE** For Windows XP SP2 or above operating systems, the ActiveX Control component will be blocked for system security reasons. In this case, the VPort’s security warning message window may not appear. Unlock the ActiveX control blocked function or disable the security configuration so that you can install the VPort’s ActiveX Control component.

## Step 4: Access the homepage of the VPort camera’s web-based manager

After installing the ActiveX Control component, the homepage of the VPort’s web-based manager will appear. Check the following items to make sure the system was installed properly:

1. Video Images
2. Video Information



## Step 5: Access the VPort’s system configuration

Click on **System Configuration** to access the system configuration overview to change the configuration. **Model Name, Server Name, IP Address, MAC Address, and Firmware Version** appear in the green bar near the top of the page. Use this information to check the system information and installation.

For details of each configuration, check the user’s manual of your VPort IP camera. The manual can be found on the software CD, or downloaded from Moxa’s website.

The screenshot shows the VPort 461A-T web interface. At the top, there is a green header bar with the Moxa logo and the text 'VPort 461A-T'. Below the header, there is a status bar displaying system information: Model Name: VPort 461A-T, Server Name: VPort 461A Video Encoder, IP Address: 172.18.16.33, MAC Address: 00:90:E8:06:12:05, Firm. Version: 0.9, Build: 15081416. On the right side of the header, there are status indicators for STAT, PWR1, PWR2, VIDEO, PTZ, and SD.

The main content area is titled 'System Configuration' and contains a table with the following columns: Category, Item, and Description and Content. The table lists various configuration items grouped into categories like Profiles, System, Network, Video, Audio, Streaming, PTZ, and Event.

Category	Item	Description and Content
Profiles	Configuration	Configure ONVIF Profile settings
	General	Setting Host Name, contact and Location
	Date/Time	Setting Date/Time
	Account	Administrator, User and Demo Account Privileges Management
System	Local Storage	Set up the local storage capability
	System Log	System Log and operation information
	System Parameter	System parameters information and Import/Export function
	System IO	Digital Input and Relay settings
	Firmware Upgrade	Remote Firmware Upgrade
	Factory Default	Reset to Factory Default
	Reboot	Device will reboot for restarting system
	General	The IP network settings of this VPort
Network	DDNS	Configure DDNS
	Universal PnP	Enable UPnP function
	ToS	Configure ToS(Type of Service)
	Accessible IP	Set up a list to control the access permission of clients by checking their IP address
	SNMP	Configure the SNMP settings
	Modbus/TCP	Enable Modbus/TCP function
	Moxa Service	Moxa Service is for the device search capability by Moxa software or utility
	Dot1X	Configure 802.1X
	SSH	Configure SSH
	LLDP	Configure LLDP
Video	Image Setting	Configure the information of video image
	Camera Setting	Configure the attributes of video image
	Video Encoder	Set up the Encode Standard(MJPEG or H.264), Size (Resolution), FPS, Quality and Multicast settings
Audio	PreAlarm	Set up PreAlarm Parameters
	Audio Encoder	Configure Audio Encoder settings
Streaming	Audio Decoder	Configure Audio Decoder settings
	CBRPro	Configure CBRPro settings
PTZ	PTZ Config	Configure PTZ Preset
	Serial Port	Configure Serial Port Settings
Event	Enable Event	Enable/Disable all Event Producer
	Motion Detection	Configure Motion Detection settings

## Accessing the VPort's Web-based Manager

This chapter includes information about how to access the VPort for the first time.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

### ▣ **Functions Featured on the VPort's Web Homepage**

- VPort's Information
- Server Name
- Camera Image View
- Client Settings
- System Configuration
- Video Information
- Show PTZ Control Panel
- Snapshot
- Relay Control)

# Functions Featured on the VPort's Web Homepage

The homepage of the VPort's web console shows information specific to that VPort, the camera image, and configurations for the client and server.

**NOTE** The best screen resolution for viewing VPort's web homepage depends on the resolution of the camera image. For example, if the camera image can be viewed at resolutions up to HD (1280 x 720), the screen resolution should be 1280 x 1024. We strongly recommend using IE 6.0 (Microsoft Internet Explorer) or above to avoid incompatibility with the ActiveX Plug-in.

The screenshot displays the VPort 461A-T web interface. At the top, a green header bar contains the MOXA logo, the device name 'VPort 461A-T', and the website 'www.moxa.com'. Below the header, a status bar shows various indicators: STAT, PWR1, PWR2, FAULT, VIDEO, PTZ, and SD. The main content area is divided into a left sidebar with navigation menus (Client Setting, System Configuration, Show PTZ Control Panel, Video Information, Relay Control, Snapshot) and a central video window. The video window is titled 'VPort 461A Video Encoder' and shows a live camera feed of a worker in a white protective suit and hard hat in an industrial setting. Below the video window is an 'Enable Audio Post' checkbox. Callout boxes with arrows point to specific elements: 'VPort's information' points to the top header; 'Server Name' points to the 'Server Name' field in the top status bar; 'Camera Image View' points to the video window; and 'Audio Control' points to the 'Enable Audio Post' checkbox.

## VPort's Information

This section shows the VPort's model name, server name, IP address, MAC address, firmware version, and the display status of the LEDs located on the VPort's front panel.

**NOTE** The VPort LEDs shown on the VPort's web homepage are updated every 10 seconds (applies only to those VPort products that have LED indicators).

## Server Name

A server name can be assigned to each server. Administrators can change the name in **System Configuration/System/General**. The maximum length of the server name is 40 bytes.

## Camera Image View

The assigned image description and system date/time will be displayed in the caption above the image window. You may disable the caption or change the location of the image information in **System Configuration/Video/Image Setting**. Note that if the VPort's motion detection function is active, some windows in the video picture might be framed in red.

## Client Settings

The following functions can be configured in **Client Settings**.

1. **Display profile:** Shows the profile currently being used. There are 3 default profiles: profile01, profile02, and profile03. Each profile refers to one independent video stream with a unique codecs, resolution, frame rate (FPS), and video quality. If you need to, you can create additional profiles, but keep in mind that more profiles mean more video streams. Enabling too many video streams could reduce the frame rate and overall video performance of each stream. For configuring the profile, go to **System Configuration/profile**.
2. **Media options:** Some VPort models support a line-in or microphone audio input. In this case, you can select from the following options: Video/Audio, Video Only, Audio Only.
3. **Protocol Options:** Choose one of four protocols to optimize your usage—Multicast (RTSP or Push) or Unicast (UDP, TCP, HTTP).
  - **Multicast Protocol** can be used to send a single video stream to multiple clients. In this case, a lot of bandwidth can be saved since only one video stream is transmitted over the network. However, the network gateway (e.g., a switch) must support the multicast protocol (e.g., IGMP snooping). Otherwise, the multicast video transmission will not be successful.
    - **RTSP:** Enable the multicast video stream to be sent using RTSP control, which means the multicast video stream will be sent only if it receives the client's request.
    - **Push:** Enable the multicast video stream to be sent using Push control, which means that after this setting is selected, the multicast video stream will be sent continuously even without any client requests.
  - **Unicast Protocol** is used to send a single video stream to one client.
    - **UDP** can be used to produce audio and video streams that are more real-time. However, some packets may be lost due to network burst traffic, and images may become blurred.
    - **TCP** can be used to prevent packet loss, which results in a more accurate video display. The downside of using TCP is that the real-time delay is worse than with UDP protocol.
    - **HTTP** can be used to prevent being blocked by a router's firewall. The downside of using HTTP is that the real-time delay is worse than with UDP protocol.
  - **Network Interface** designates the connection interface for multicast video streams selection. The box lists the current NIC interfaces. Select which NIC interface will receive multicast streams.

Once the VPort is connected successfully, **Protocol Options** will indicate the selected protocol. The selected protocol will be stored on the user's PC, and will be used for the next connection.

**NOTE** For multicast video stream settings, see **System Configuration → Network → Multicast**.

### Client Setting

IP Camera

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**Display Profile**  
 profile01 ▼

**Media Option**  
 Video/Audio  Video Only  Audio Only

**Protocol Option**  
 Multicast RTSP ▼  Unicast TCP ▼

Network Interface 172.19.16.2 ▼

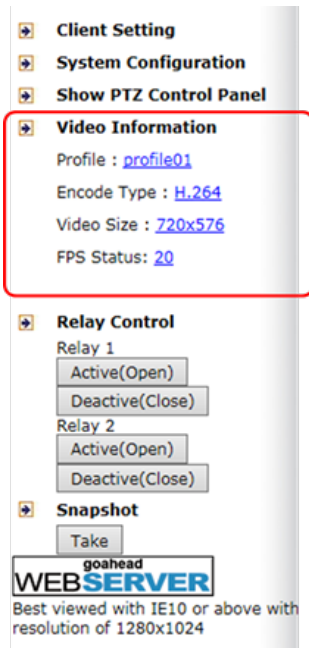
**Save**

## System Configuration

A button or text link on the left side of the system configuration window only appears on the administrator's main page. For detailed system configuration instructions, refer to Chapter 4, **System Configuration**.

## Video Information

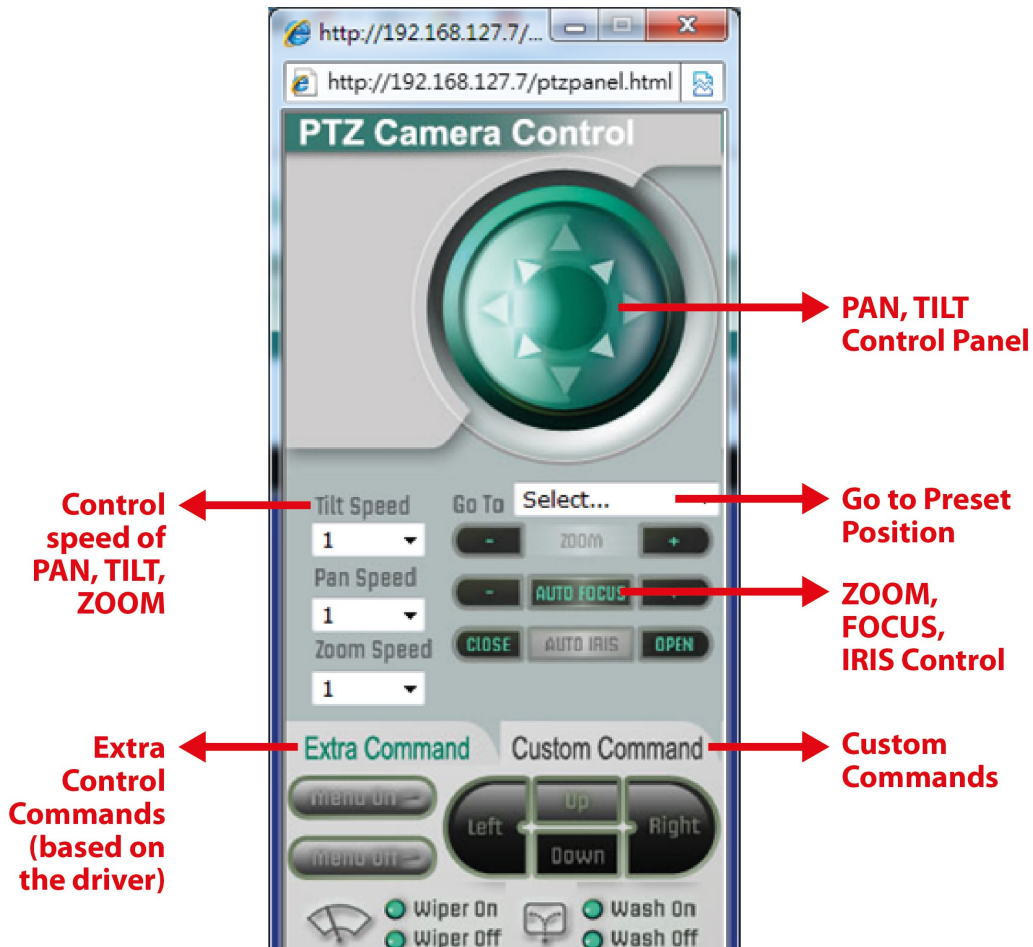
You can easily monitor the current video performance by looking at the **Video Information** section on the left side of the homepage. The following properties are shown: Profile, Encoder type, Video Size, and FPS status. For multichannel encoders, you can select the target camera image to view the camera's video performance.



The screenshot displays a vertical sidebar menu on the left side of a web-based manager interface. The menu items are: Client Setting, System Configuration, Show PTZ Control Panel, Video Information, Relay Control, and Snapshot. The 'Video Information' item is highlighted with a red rectangular border. Below the menu, the 'Video Information' section is expanded, showing the following details: Profile : [profile01](#), Encode Type : [H.264](#), Video Size : [720x576](#), and FPS Status: [20](#). Below this section, the 'Relay Control' section is visible, containing two relays (Relay 1 and Relay 2), each with 'Active(Open)' and 'Deactive(Close)' buttons. The 'Snapshot' section has a 'Take' button. At the bottom of the sidebar, there is a logo for 'goahead WEB SERVER' and a note: 'Best viewed with IE10 or above with resolution of 1280x1024'.

## Show PTZ Control Panel

Some VPort models support PTZ (Pan, Tilt, Zoom) or digital zoom capability. You can control PAN, TILT, ZOOM from the PTZ control panel.



**NOTE** Not all the functions are supported by all VPorts. For example, some VPorts may only support digital zoom, and some VPorts may not support the extra commands and custom commands.

## Custom PTZ Camera Commands

In addition to the default pan, tilt, zoom, and focus controls, an additional 24 buttons are available for custom commands to control the attached motorized (PTZ) cameras. Custom commands are set up by administrators, and are used for functions such as activating or deactivating the dome wiper. Refer to the attached motorized device's user's manual to see which functions can be controlled with these additional buttons.

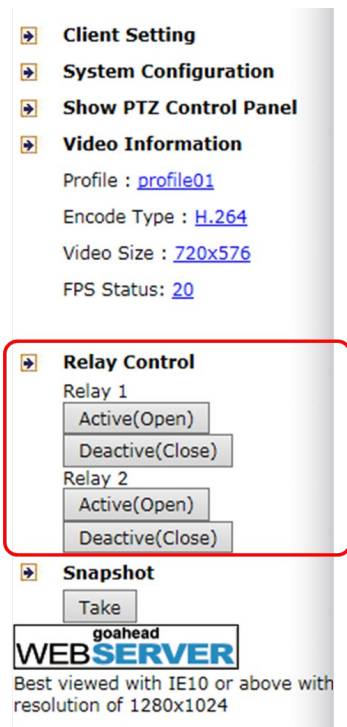


## Snapshot

You can take snapshot images for storing, printing, and editing by clicking the **Snapshot** button. To save the image, right-click and select the **Save** option.

## Relay Control

Some VPort models have relay outputs for external devices, such as alarms. Administrators and permitted users can click on **Active(Open)** to show the command and Normal Open digital output pins, or click on **Deactive(Close)** to show the command and Normal Close digital output pins.





# System Configuration

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After installing the hardware, the next step is to configure the VPort's settings. You can do this with the web console.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

## ▣ System Configuration by Web Console

- Profiles
- System
- Network
- Video
- Audio
- Metadata
- Streaming
- PTZ
- Event
- Actions

# System Configuration by Web Console

System configuration can be done remotely with Internet Explorer. To access the server, type the system configuration URL, <http://<IP address of Video Server>/overview.asp>, to open the configuration main page.

Each of the configuration categories—**Profiles**, **System**, **Network**, **Video**, **Audio**, **Streaming**, **PTZ**, **Event**, **Action**—are described below:

Category	Item	Description and Contents
<b>Profiles</b>	Configuration	Configure ONVIF Profile settings
<b>System</b>	General	Set Host Name, Contact, and Location
	Date/Time	Set Date/Time
	Accounts	Administrator, User, and Demo Account Privileges Management
	Local storage	Setup local storage options
	System Log	System Log and operation information
	System Parameter	System parameter information and Import/Export functions
	System I/O	Digital Input and Relay settings
	Firmware Upgrade	Remote Firmware Upgrade
	Factory Default	Reset to Factory Default
	Reboot	Device will reboot to restart the system
<b>Network</b>	General	IP network settings of this VPort
	IPv6	Configure IPv6 settings
	DDNS	Configure Dynamic DNS service
	Universal PnP	Enable UPnP function
	ToS	Configure ToS (Type of Service)
	Accessible IP	Set up a list to control access permission of clients by IP address
	SNMP	Configure SNMP settings
	Modbus/ TCP	Enable Modbus/TCP function
	Moxa service	Moxa service is for the device search capability by Moxa software or utility
	802.1X	Configure 802.1X
	SSH	Configure SSH
	LLDP	Configure LLDP
	Ethernet port	Setup the functions of Ethernet ports
<b>Video</b>	Image Settings	Configure video image information
	Image tuning	Configure the attributes of video image
	Privacy Mask	Configure Privacy Mask settings
	Video Encoder	Set up the Encode Standard (MJPEG or H.264), Size (Resolution), FPS, Quality, and Multicast settings
	Pre Alarm	Setup pre alarm parameters
<b>Audio</b>	Audio Encoder Input	Configure Audio Input settings
	Audio Output	Configure Audio Output settings
<b>Metadata</b>	Metadata	Configure the stream metadata
<b>Streaming</b>	CBR Pro	Configure CBR Pro Settings
<b>PTZ</b>	PTZ Config	Configure PTZ settings and Add/Modify/Remove the Presets
	Preset	Configure Preset settings
<b>Serial Port</b>	PTZ port	Configure PTZ Port settings
	COM port	Configure COM Port settings
<b>Focus</b>	Focus Setting	Configure the Focus settings
<b>Event</b>	Enable Event	Enable/Disable all Event Producer
	Motion Detection	Configure Motion Detection settings
	Camera Tamper	Configure Camera Tamper settings
	Sequential Snapshot	Configure Sequential Snapshot settings, Schedule, and transmit

		destinations
<b>Action</b>	Action Config	Configure detailed Action activation settings
	Action Trigger	Configure the Action Trigger for the Event trigger condition based on the specific Action Config chosen for this trigger.

This table can also be found on the **System Configuration → Overview** webpage.

**NOTE** Not all of the functions listed in this user’s manual are supported by all VPort IP cameras. Please check your VPort’s specifications to see which functions are supported.

### System Configuration

Welcome to the System Configuration pages. A brief description of each configuration group is given below. Click on a plus sign in the left pane to expand a group, and then click on the name of the page you would like to open.

Category	Item	Description and Content	
<b>Profiles</b>	Configuration	Configure ONVIF Profile settings	
	General	Set Host Name, Contact, and Location	
	Date/Time	Set Date/Time	
	Account	Administrator, User and Demo Account Privileges Management	
	Local Storage	Setup Local Storage Options	
	System Log	System Log and operation information	
	System Parameter	System parameters information and Import/Export function	
	System I/O	Digital Input and Relay settings	
	LED Control	Setup LED Options	
	System	Firmware Upgrade	Remote Firmware Upgrade
	Factory Default	Reset to Factory Default	
	Reboot	Device will reboot and restart the system	
<b>Network</b>	General	The IP network settings of this VPort	
	IPv6	Configure IPv6 settings	
	DDNS	Configure DDNS	
	Universal PnP	Enable UPnP function	
	ToS	Configure ToS(Type of Service)	
	Accessible IP	Setup a list to control the access permission of clients by checking their IP address	
	SNMP	Configure the SNMP settings	
	Modbus/TCP	Enable Modbus/TCP function	
	Moxa Service	Moxa Service is for the device search capability by Moxa software or utility	
	Dot1X	Configure 802.1X	
<b>Video</b>	SSH	Configure SSH	
	LLDP	Configure LLDP	
	Ethernet Port	Setup the functions of Ethernet ports	
	Image Setting	Configure the information of video image	
	Image Tuning	Configure the attributes of video image	
	Video Encoder	Setup the Encode Standard(MJPEG or H.264), Size (Resolution), FPS, Quality and Multicast settings	
	PreAlarm	Setup PreAlarm Parameters	
	Audio	Audio Input	Configure Audio Input settings
		Audio Output	Configure Audio Output settings
	Metadata	Metadata	Configure Metadata settings
Streaming	CBRPro	Configure CBRPro settings	
<b>PTZ</b>	PTZ Config	Configure PTZ settings	
	Preset	Configure Preset settings	
<b>Serial Port</b>	PTZ Port	Configure PTZ Port settings	
	COM Port	Configure COM Port settings	
<b>Event</b>	Enable Event	Enable/Disable all Event Producer	
	Motion Detection	Configure Motion Detection settings	
	Camera Tamper	Configure Camera Tamper settings	
	Sequential Snapshot	Configure Sequential Snapshot settings, Schedule and transmit destinations	
<b>Actions</b>	Action Config	Configure detail Action activation.	
	Action Trigger	Configure Action Trigger for Event trigger condition specify Action Configs	

## Profiles

In the ONVIF Profiles specifications, one video profile represents one video stream, which can have a unique codecs (H.264, MJPEG), resolution, FPS (frame rate), and video quality.

## Configuration

### Profile List

- profile01
- profile02
- profile03

New Profile:

Profile Token: def-profile01  
 Profile Name:   
 Channel 1  
 Video Encoder:    
 Audio Encoder:    
 Audio Decoder:    
 Metadata:    
 PTZ Config:

**Video Encoder**  
 Codec:H.264  
 Resolution:1920 x 1080  
 Multicast:239.127.0.100 5556

**Audio Encoder**  
 Multicast:239.127.0.100 5572

**Metadata**  
 Multicast:239.127.0.100 5588

**Profile List**

Setting	Description	Default
profile01 profile02 profile03	Chose the video profile. Profile information shown on this page includes Profile Token, Profile Name, Channel number, Video encoder, Audio Encoder	profile01

**Profile Information**

Setting	Description	Default
Profile Token*	Reply when queried by another device asks	<variable>
Profile Name	Configure the profile name, max. 40 bytes	profile01
Channel*	Current video channel of this ONVIF device	<variable>
Video Encoder	Select which video encoder this profile will use	VideoEncoder01
Audio Encoder	Select which audio encoder this profile will use	AudioEncoder01
Audio Decoder	Select which audio decoder this profile will use (only available for models with Audio Decoder function)	AudioDecoder
Metadata	Enable or disable the metadata being used with the profiles	metadataCfg01
PTZ Config	Select which PTZ configuration this profile will use	PTZConfig01

\*This item cannot be edited.

**New Profile**

You can create additional profiles if needed. Input the name of the new profile and then click **Create**. When the new profile appears in the Profile List, select the new profile and then configure its video encoder and audio encoder to generate the video streams. Click **Save** to save the new profile. To remove a profile, select the profile you wish to remove, and then click **Remove**.

## System

### General Settings/Date/Time

On the **General Settings** page, administrators can set up the IP camera **Server name** and the **Date and Time**, which is included in the caption of all images.

**General Settings**

Server name:

Server contact:

Server location:

**Server name**

Setting	Description	Default
Max. 40 characters	Use a different server name for each server to help identify your servers. The name appears on the web homepage.	VPort XXXX IP camera

**Server contact**

Setting	Description	Default
Max. 40 characters	Input the name of the operator who is responsible for this camera server	Blank

**Server location**

Setting	Description	Default
Max. 40 characters	Input the location of this camera server	Blank

### System Time Settings

Time zone:

Time zone:

Manual TimeZone (POSIX 1003.1):

Enable daylight saving time

Date and Time:

Keep current date and time

Sync with computer time

PC date:  [yyyy/mm/dd]

PC time:  [hh:mm:ss]

Manual

Date:  [yyyy/mm/dd]

Time:  [hh:mm:ss]

Automatic

NTP from DHCP

NTP Manual

1st NTP server:

2nd NTP server:

Update interval:

#### Time zone

Setting	Description	Default
Time Zone	Configure the time zone	GMT
Manual TimeZone (POSIX 1003.1):	Manually configure the specified time zone. To enable this configuration, select <b>manual setting</b> from the Time Zone drop-down box	Blank
Enable daylight saving time	Enable/disable daylight saving time	Disable

#### Date and Time

Setting	Description	Default
Keep current date and time	Use the current date and time as the VPort's time setting	Keep current date and time
Sync with computer time	Synchronize the VPort's data and time setting with the local computer time	
Manual	Manually change the VPort's date and time setting	
Automatic	Use the NTP server to set the VPort's date and time setting	

**NOTE** Select the **Automatic** option to force the VPort to synchronize automatically with timeservers over the Internet. However, synchronization may fail if the assigned **NTP server** cannot be reached, or the VPort is connected to a local network. Leaving the **NTP server** blank will force the VPort to connect to default timeservers. Enter either the Domain name or IP address format of the timeserver if the DNS server is available.

You can configure two NTP servers as backups; the update interval can be configured from a minimum of 5 seconds up to one month.

Don't forget to set the **Time zone** for local settings. Refer to Appendix B for your region's time zone.

# Account

## Account Privileges

Enable/Disable Authentication

Disabled ▾

Save

Admin Password

Admin Password:

Confirm Password:

*Note: Admin password must be either blank, or from 8 to 32 characters.*

Save

User Privileges

No.	Enable	User Name	Password	Security Level	Privileges
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2
9	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2
10	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="password"/>	User ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> Control Camera <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY1 <input type="checkbox"/> Control RELAY2

Save

### Authentication Enable

Setting	Description	Default
Authentication Enable	Enable/disable the account password protection of web-based manager access	disabled

### Admin password

Setting	Description	Default
Admin Password (max. 15 characters)	Input the administrator password	Default admin password is "moxamoxa"
Confirm Password (max. 15 characters)	If a new password is typed in the <b>Admin Password</b> box, you will need to retype the password in the <b>Confirm Password</b> box before updating the new password.	

**NOTE** The default account name for administrator is **admin**; the administrator account name cannot be changed.

### User's Privileges

Setting	Description	Default
User name	Type a specific user name for user authentication.	None
Password	Type a specific password for user authentication.	
Security Level	You may select from 3 ONVIF roles: Administrator, Operator, and User. Different roles have different privileges. Refer to ONVIF Specifications for the user's access policy.	User
Privileges	Select the privileges: Control camera, Control Relay 1, Control Relay 2	Blank

**NOTE** The FPS of the video stream will be reduced as more and more users access the same VPort. Currently, the VPort camera is only allowed to send 10 unicast video streams. To avoid performance problems, limit the number of users who can simultaneously access a VPort.

## Local Storage

Some VPorts support an SD card slot (SDHC/SDXC interface) for recording video when an event/alarm is detected. The administrator can download these recorded videos via FTP, or directly copy the files from the SD card using a card reader device.

### Local Storage Setting

This VPort supports local storage function for recording the video once there is an event/alarm. Users can download the recoded video files via FTP access.

#### FTP Server Daemon

Enable FTP Server Daemon

Server Port

#### SD Card Setting

Reboot the system once the mounting of SD card is failed

#### SD Card Information

Status: Not Insert

Size: 0 MB

Free: 0 MB

#### SD Card Utility

Force mount / unmount SD card

#### FTP Daemon

Setting	Description	Default
Enable FTP daemon	Enable FTP service to allow the administrator to download recorded video files	Disable
Server Port	The FTP server port number	21

#### SD card setting

Setting	Description	Default
Reboot the system when the SD card fails to mount	This function can reboot the system when the SD card mount fails to re-detect the SD mount	Disable

#### SD Card Utility

Setting	Description	Default
Mount SD card	Force mount/ unmount the SD card	Disable

**NOTE** The recorded videos are stored in the "/VPortfolder" folder. Ten seconds of video is recorded on each file. The videos are stored as AVI files, which can be played back using any popular media player.

**NOTE** Due to file system limitations, the maximum number of files that can be stored is 16584. When the number of files in the SD card reaches 16584, or the free space is less than 100 MB, the system will start deleting the oldest files.

**NOTE** For VPort 461A, the SDXC interface will be supported after the V1.1 firmware is released.

## System Log History

The system log contains useful information, including current system configuration and activity history with timestamps for tracking. Administrators can save this information in a file (system.log) by clicking the **Export to a File** button. In addition, the log can also be sent to a **Log Server** for backup. The administrator can configure "Syslog Server 1" and "Syslog Server 2" below the system log list.

### System Log History

Index	Time	Type	Description
0002	2008-03-23T18:31:15+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0003	2008-03-04T11:01:13+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0004	2008-02-28T13:17:59+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0005	2008-02-27T16:17:28+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0006	2008-02-27T16:14:50+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0007	2008-02-20T16:12:02+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0008	2008-02-20T13:37:58+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0009	2008-02-10T23:06:50+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0010	2008-02-07T23:38:51+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0011	2008-02-07T04:18:11+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311
0012	2008-02-07T04:17:28+0000	SYS	Factory Default
0013	2008-02-07T04:14:49+0000	SYS	System cold start V1.0 Build:14100311

Send to system log Server

Syslog Server 1

Port Destination

Syslog Server 2

Port Destination

#### Send to system log Server

Setting	Description	Default
Send to system log server	Enables sending the system log to the log sever	Disable
Syslog Sever 1	The address of the first system log server	Blank
Port Destination	The port number of the first system log server	514
Syslog Sever 2	The address of the second system log server	Blank
Port Destination	The port number of the second system log server	514

**NOTE** A maximum of 500 lines is displayed in the log. Earlier log entries are stored in the VPort's database, which the administrator can export at any time.

## System Parameters

The **System Parameters** page allows you to view all system parameters, which are listed by category. The content is the same as the VPort's sys\_config.ini file. Administrators can also save this information in a file (sys\_config.ini) by clicking the **Export to a File** button, or import a file by clicking the **Browse** button to search for a sys\_config.ini file and then clicking the **Import a System Parameter File** button to update the system configuration quickly.



### System Parameters

VPort 461A-T Configuration File

```
[systeminfo]
iva=0

[moxacmd]
enable=1
udpport=4000

[ethport]
mode=2
activeport=1

[eventconfig]
ethenable=0
doenable=0
dienable=0
powerfailenable=0
cgienable=0
tamperenable=0
videolossenable=0
```

Export to a File

Browse

Import a System Parameter File

**NOTE** The system parameter import/export functions allow the administrator to back up and restore system configurations. The Administrator can export this sys\_config.ini file (in a special binary format) for backup, and import the sys\_config.ini file to restore the system configurations of VPort IP cameras. System configuration changes will take effect after the VPort is rebooted.

### System I/O

The status of digital input is shown on the Digital Input 1 and Digital Input 2 below. Displayed beneath that is the configuration of Relay output 1 and Relay output 2.

#### System I/O

**Digital Input 1**

Current State: Low

**Digital Input 2**

Current State: Low

**Relay 1**

Current State: Inactive (Close)

Idle State: Close  Relay Inactive/Bootup state.

Switch Mode: Bistable  When relay set in Monostable mode, it will switch back to Idle state after below delay seconds.

Delay Seconds:  1 to 3600 sec.

**Relay 2**

Current State: Inactive (Close)

Idle State: Close  Relay Inactive/Bootup state.

Switch Mode: Bistable  When relay set in Monostable mode, it will switch back to Idle state after below delay seconds.

Delay Seconds:  1 to 3600 sec.

Save

Setting	Description	Default
Idle State	Set the signal type to inactive	Close
Switch Mode	Bitstable mode: Will remain stable after being activated Monostable mode: The signal state will return to inactive state after waiting for a period of time, which is set in the Delay Seconds option.	Bitstable
Delay Seconds	Under Monostable mode it will switch back to inactive state, and the delay time will be reset.	10

## LED Control

### LED Control

FAULT LED

Power Failure

Video Loss

Network Disconnected

**Save**

The Fault LED in Porte 461A can be configured to show below status:

Status	Description
Power Failure	Once one of the 2 power inputs is lost, the Fault LED will turn on
Video Loss	Once the analog video signal is lost, the Fault LED will turn on
Network Disconnected	Once one of the 2 Ethernet ports is disconnected, the Fault LED will turn on

## Firmware Upgrade

### Firmware Upgrade

**Browse** **Upgrade**

Take the following steps to upgrade the firmware:

**Step 1:** Press the **Browse** button to select the firmware file.

**NOTE** For the VPort, the firmware file extension should be **.rom**.

**Step 2:** Click on the **Upgrade** button to upload the firmware to the VPort.

**Step 3:** The system will start the firmware upgrade process.

**Step 4:** Once **Success .....Step 3/3 : System reboot** is displayed, wait 30 seconds for the VPort to reboot.

**NOTE** Upgrading the firmware will not change most of the original settings.

## Reset to Factory Default

From the "Reset to Factory Default" page, choose **Hard** or **Soft** factory default to reset the VPort to its factory default settings.

### Reset to Factory Default

Reset to Factory Default will restart the system and click Hard to delete all the changes that have been made to the configuration.

**Hard**

Click Soft to delete all the changes that have been made to the configuration, but the network setting. You can use original network setting to connect this device.

**Soft**

## Reboot

From the “Device Reboot” page, click **OK** (as shown in the following figure) to restart the VPort’s system.

### Device Reboot

This device will reboot for restarting system.  
Are you sure you want to reboot?

**OK**

## Network

### General Network Settings

The **General Network Settings** page includes some basic but important network configurations that enable the VPort to be connected to a TCP/IP network.

#### General Network Settings

**Access Method**

DHCP  
 DHCP + DHCP option 66/67  
 Use fixed IP address

**General Settings**

IP address: 172.19.16.27  
 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0  
 Gateway: 172.19.16.254  
 DNS From DHCP  
 Primary DNS: 192.168.50.37  
 Secondary DNS: 192.168.50.38  
 DNS Manual  
 Primary DNS:   
 Secondary DNS:

**HTTP**

HTTP port: 80  
 HTTPS port: 443  
 HTTP mode: HTTP Only

**RTSP Streaming**

RTSP port: 554

**Save**

#### Access Method

VPort products support the DHCP protocol, which means that the VPort can get its IP address from a DHCP server automatically when it is connected to a TCP/IP network. The Administrator should determine if it is more appropriate to use DHCP, or assign a fixed IP.

Setting	Description	Default
DHCP	Get the IP address automatically from the DHCP server.	DHCP
DHCP + DHCP Option 66/67	Get the IP address automatically from the DHCP server, and download the configurations from the TFTP server with Opt 66/67 mechanism.	
Use fixed IP address	Use the IP address assigned by the administrator.	

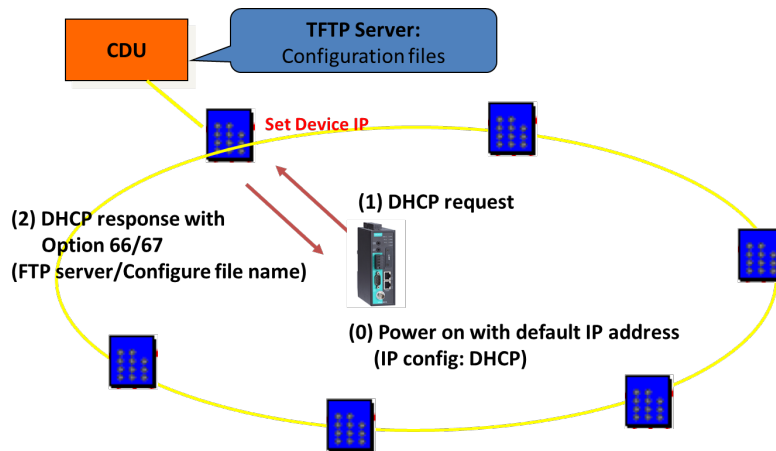
**NOTE** We strongly recommend that the administrator assign a fixed IP address to the VPort, since all of the functions and applications provided by the VPort are active when the VPort is connected to the network. Use DHCP to determine if the VPort’s IP address may change when then network environment changes, or the IP address is occupied by other clients.

**DHCP Option 66/67 for auto configuration (not supported by all VPorts)**

If you need to install a large number of devices, it can be extremely time consuming to configure each of the many devices one by one. DHCP Opt 66/67 provides a mechanism whereby configurations can be saved on a TFTP server, and then once a new device is installed, the configurations can be downloaded to this new device automatically. Follow the steps below to use the Opt 66/67 auto-configuration function. We use VPort 16-M12 to illustrate.

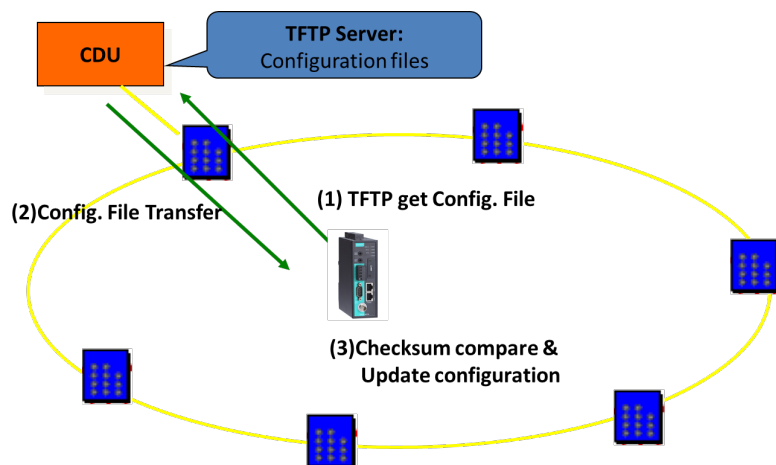
**Step 1:**

When the VPort camera enables the auto-configuration function, it will ask for an IP address from the DHCP server, and the path of the TFTP server and configuration file.



**Step 2:**

Once the VPort camera completes the IP settings, it will acquire the configuration file from the TFTP server, and then check if this configuration file is the right one or not.



**NOTE** For the auto-configuration function to work, the system should

1. Have a DHCP Server that supports DHCP Opt 66/67 in the network switches and routers.
2. Have a TFTP server that supports the TFTP protocol.

**General Settings**

Setting	Description	Default
IP address	Variable IP assigned automatically by the DHCP server, or fixed IP assigned by the Administrator.	192.168.127.100
Subnet mask	Variable subnet mask assigned automatically by the DHCP server, or a fixed subnet mask assigned by the Administrator.	255.255.255.0
Gateway	Assigned automatically by the DHCP server, or assigned by the Administrator.	Blank
DNS from DHCP	The DNS server is assigned by DHCP server	Disable
Primary DNS	Enter the IP address of the DNS Server used by your network. After entering the DNS Server's IP address, you can input the VPort's url (e.g., www.VPort.company.com) in your browser's address field, instead of entering the IP address.	Obtained automatically from the DHCP server, or left blank in non-DHCP environments.
Secondary DNS	Enter the IP address of the DNS Server used by your network. The VPort will try to locate the secondary DNS Server if the primary DNS Server fails to connect.	Obtained automatically from the DHCP server, or left blank in non-DHCP environments.

**HTTP**

Setting	Description	Default
HTTP Port (80, or 1024 to 65535)	HTTP port enables connecting the VPort to the web.	80
HTTPS port	HTTPS port enables HTTPS encryption	443
HTTP Mode	Configure HTTP mode to HTTP only, or HTTP+HTTPS	HTTP only

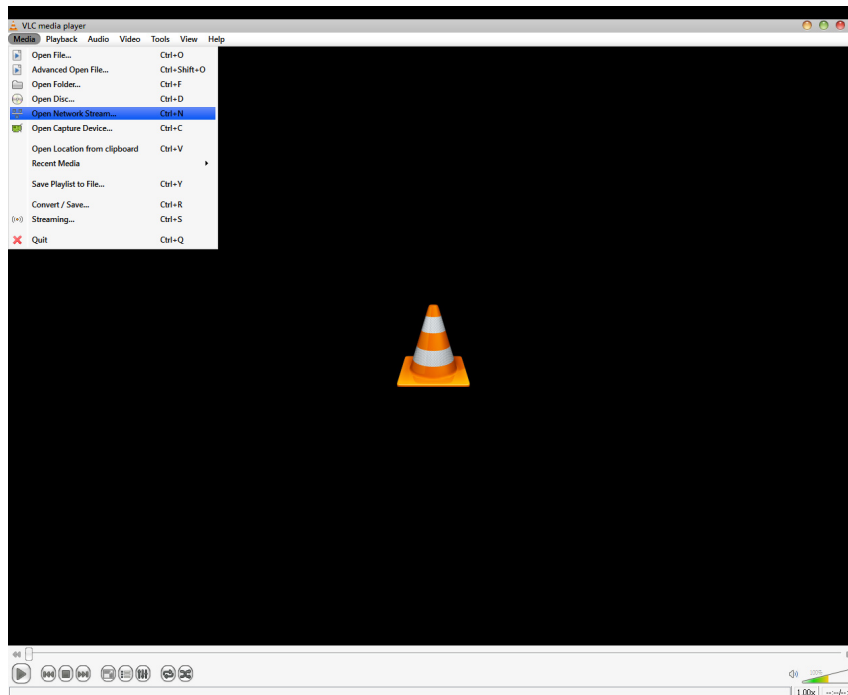
**RTSP Streaming**

The VPort supports standard RTSP (Real Time Streaming Protocol) streaming, which means that all devices and software that support RTSP can directly acquire and view the video images sent from the VPort without any proprietary codec or SDK installations. This makes network system integration much more convenient. For different connection types, the access name is different. For UDP and TCP streams, the access name is `udpStream`. For HTTP streams, the access name is `moxa-cgi/udpstream_ch<channel number>`. For multicast streams, the access name is `multicastStream_ch<channel number>`. You can access the media through the following URL: `rtsp://<IP address>:<RTSP port>/<Access name>` for software that supports RTSP.

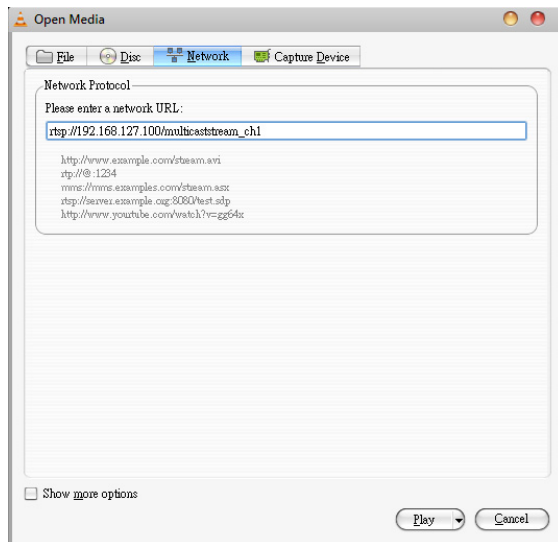
Setting	Description	Default
RTSP Port	An RTSP port is similar to an HTTP port, which can enable the connection of video/audio streams by RTSP.	554

The VLC media player is used here as an example of an RTSP streaming application:

**Step 1:** Open VLC Player and select **Media - Open network streaming**



**Step 2:** When the following pop-up window appears, type the URL in the input box. E.g., type **rtsp://<VPort's IP address>[:<RTSP Port>/live?pf=<profile ID>&pt=udp**  
**rtsp://<VPort's IP address>[:<RTSP Port>/live?pf=<profile ID>&pt=multicast**  
**RTSP Port: 554** (the default),  
 and then click **OK** to connect to the VPort.



**Step 3:** Wait a few seconds for VLC Player to establish the connection.

**NOTE** For some older firmware versions (versions before the supported versions listed on page 1-2), use the RTSP stream URLs shown below:

rtsp://<VPort's IP address>[: <RTSP Port>/udpstream\_ch1\_stream< 1 or 2>  
 rtsp://<VPort's IP address>[: <RTSP Port>/multicaststream\_ch1\_stream<1 or 2>  
 RTSP Port: 554 (the default)

For the new firmware versions (versions after the supported versions listed on page 1-2), both kinds of RTSP URL are valid. There is no need to change the RTSP URL design if your software is using the old RTSP URL.

**Step 4:** After the connection has been established, the VPort camera's video will appear in the VLC Player display window.



**NOTE** The video performance of the VPort may vary when using other media players. For example, you will notice a greater delay when viewing the VPort's video from the VLC player compared to viewing it directly from the VPort's built-in web server. In addition, viewing the VPort's video from the VLC player through a router or Internet gateway could result in a broken connection.

**NOTE** For the time being, the VPort's RTSP video/audio stream can be identified and viewed by Apple QuickTime Ver. 6.5 and above, and the VLC media player. System integrators can use these 2 media players to view the VPort camera's video directly, without needing to use the VPort's SDK to create customized software.

**NOTE** When using RTSP, the video stream format should be H.264 or MPEG4. MJPEG does not support RTSP.

## DDNS

**DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System)** is a combination of DHCP, DNS, and client registration. DDNS allows administrators to alias the VPort's dynamic IP address to a static hostname in any of the domains provided by the DDNS service providers listed on the VPort's Network/DDNS configuration page. DDNS makes it easier to access the VPort from various locations on the Internet.

### Dynamic DNS

The Dynamic DNS function allows your VPort to get a domain name linked to a changeable IP address with IP address if you want to remote access this VPort from Internet.

Enable DDNS

Provider:

Host name:

Username/E-mail:

Password/Key:

*Note: If you don't have a DDNS account, please follow the application procedure on the website listed above.*

Setting	Description	Default
Enable DDNS	Enable or disable DDNS	Disable
Provider	Select the DDNS service providers, including DynDNS.org (Dynamic), DynDNS.org (Custom), TZO.com, and dhs.org.	None
Host Name	The Host Name you use to link to the VPort.	None
Username/ E-mail	The Username/E-mail and Password/Key are used to enable	None
Password/ Key	the service from the DDNS service provider (based on the rules of DDNS websites).	None

**NOTE** Dynamic DNS is a very useful tool for accessing a VPort over the Internet, especially for xDSL connections with a non-fixed IP address (DHCP). The administrator and users can simplify connecting to a VPort with a non-fixed IP address, by using the unique host name in the URL to establish a connection with the VPort.

**NOTE** Different DDNS service providers have different application rules. Some applications are free of charge, but most require an application fee.

## Universal PnP

**UPnP (Universal Plug & Play)** is a networking architecture that provides compatibility among the networking equipment, software, and peripherals of the 400+ vendors that are part of the Universal Plug and Play Forum. This means that they are listed in the network devices table for the operating system (such as Windows XP) supported by this function. Users can link to the VPort directly by clicking on the VPort listed in the network devices table.

### Universal PnP

UPnP (Universal Plug & Play) is a function that provides compatibility among networking equipment, software and peripherals. By enabling this function, you can find this VPort directly from the operating system's network device list.

Enable UPnP

*Note: Please make sure your OS or software supports UPnP first if you want to enable VPort's UPnP function.*

Setting	Description	Default
Enable UPnP	Enable or disable the UPnP function.	Enable



## ToS

Quality of Service (QoS) provides traffic prioritization capabilities to ensure that important data is delivered consistently and predictably. The VPort can inspect layer 3 ToS (Type of Service) information to provide a consistent classification of the entire network. The VPort's ToS capability improves your industrial network's performance and determinism for mission critical applications.

### QoS(ToS)

Configure the QoS (ToS) to add the ToS (Type of Service) tag onto the video streaming data for transmitting this video stream with higher priority compared to other data.

Enable ToS

DSCP Value

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable ToS	Enable ToS to transmit the video stream with the given priority.	Disable
DSCP Value	Configure the mapping table with different ToS values.	0, 0

**NOTE** To configure the ToS values, map to the network environment settings for QoS priority service.

## Accessible IP List

The VPort uses an IP address-based filtering method to control access to the VPort.

### Accessible IP List

Enable accessible IP list ("Disable" will allow all IPs to connect)

Index	IP	NetMask
1	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
2	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
4	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
5	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
6	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
7	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
8	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
9	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
10	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Accessible IP Settings allow you to add or remove "Legal" remote host IP addresses to prevent unauthorized access. Access to the VPort is controlled by IP address. That is, if a host's IP address is in the accessible IP table, then the host will be allowed access to the VPort. In particular, an **IP** together with a **NetMask** is used to specify a range of IP addresses. Here are some examples:

- Allow only one host with a specific "IP address" to access the VPort. For example, IP = 192.168.1.16 NetMask = 255.255.255.255 will only allow the host with IP = 192.168.1.16 to access the VPort.
- Allow all hosts on a specific subnet to access the VPort. For example: IP = 192.168.1.0 NetMask = 255.255.255.0 will allow all hosts with IP addresses of the form 192.168.1.xxx to access the VPort.

- Allow any host to access the VPort.  
Do not checkmark the "Enable accessible IP list" checkbox.

The following table gives additional IP/NetMask configuration examples.

Allowable Hosts	Input Formats
Any host	Disable
192.168.1.120	192.168.1.120/255.255.255.255
192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.254	192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0
192.168.0.1 to 192.168.255.254	192.168.0.0/255.255.0.0
192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.126	192.168.1.0/255.255.255.128
192.168.1.129 to 192.168.1.254	192.168.1.128/255.255.255.128

## SNMP

The VPort supports three SNMP protocols. The available protocols are SNMP V1, SNMP V2c, and SNMP V3. SNMP V1 and SNMP V2c use a community string match for authentication, which means that SNMP servers access all objects with read-only or read/write permissions using the community string public/private (default value). SNMP V3, which requires you to select an authentication level of MD5 or SHA, is the most secure protocol. You can also enable data encryption to enhance data security. SNMP security modes and security levels supported by the VPort are shown in the following table. Select one of these options to communicate between the SNMP agent and manager.

Protocol Version	Security Mode	Authentication Type	Data Encryption	Method
SNMP V1, V2c	V1, V2c Read Community	Community string	No	Use a community string match for authentication
	V1, V2c Write/Read Community	Community string	No	Use a community string match for authentication
SNMP V3	No-Auth	No	No	Use account with admin or user to access objects
	MD5 or SHA	MD5 or SHA	No	Provides authentication based on HMAC-MD5, or HMAC-SHA algorithms. 8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for authentication.
	MD5 or SHA	MD5 or SHA	Data encryption key	Provides authentication based on HMAC-MD5 or HMAC-SHA algorithms, and data encryption key. 8-character passwords and a data encryption key are the minimum requirements for authentication and encryption.

## Configuring SNMP Settings

The following figures indicate which SNMP parameters can be configured. A more detailed explanation of each parameter is given below the figure.

### SNMP

**SNMP Read/Write Settings**

SNMP Versions V1, V2c, V3 ▼

V1,V2c Read Community

V1,V2c Write/Read Community

V3 Admin Read/Write Auth. Mode No-Auth ▼

V3 Admin Read/Write Private Mode  Key

---

**Trap Settings**

1st Trap Server IP/Name

1st Trap Community

2nd Trap Server IP/Name

2nd Trap Community

---

**Private MIB information**

Object ID enterprise.8691.8.4.2

Save

### SNMP Read/Write Settings

#### SNMP Versions

Setting	Description	Default
V1, V2c, V3	Select SNMP protocol versions V1, V2c, V3 to manage the VPort	V1, V2c, V3
V1, V2c	Select SNMP protocol versions V1, V2c to manage the VPort	
V3 only	Select SNMP protocol versions V3 only to manage the VPort	

#### V1, V2c Read Community

Setting	Description	Default
V1, V2c Read Community	Use a community string match for authentication. This means that the SNMP agent accesses all objects with read-only permissions using the community string public.	public (max. 30 characters)

#### V1, V2c Read/Write Community

Setting	Description	Default
V1, V2c Read/Write Community	Use a community string match for authentication. This means that the SNMP agent accesses all objects with read-only permissions using the community string public.	public (max. 30 characters)

For SNMP V3, there are two levels of privilege for different accounts to access the VPort. Admin privilege allows access and authorization to read and write MIB files. User privilege only allows reading the MIB file, but does not authorize writing to the file.

#### Root Auth. Type (For SNMP V1, V2c, V3 and V3 only)

Setting	Description	Default
No-Auth	Use admin. account to access objects. No authentication.	No
MD5-Auth	Provide authentication based on the HMAC-MD5 algorithms. 8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for authentication.	No
SHA- Auth	Provide authentication based on the MAC-SHA algorithms. 8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for authentication.	No

**Root Data Encryption Key (for SNMP V1, V2c, V3 and V3 only)**

Setting	Description	Default
Enable	8-character data encryption key is the minimum requirement for data encryption. Maximum 30-character encryption key.	No
Disable	No data encryption.	No

**User Auth. Type (for SNMP V1, V2c, V3 and V3 only)**

Setting	Description	Default
No-Auth	Use account of admin or user to access objects. No authentication.	No
MD5-Auth	Provide authentication based on the HMAC-MD5 algorithms. 8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for authentication.	No
SHA- Auth	Provide authentication based on the HMAC-SHA algorithms. 8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for authentication.	No

**User Data Encryption Key (for SNMP V1, V2c, V3 and V3 only)**

Setting	Description	Default
Enable	8-character data encryption key is the minimum requirement for data encryption. Maximum 30-character encryption key.	No
Disable	No data encryption.	No

**Trap Settings**

Setting	Description	Default
Trap Server IP/Name	Enter the IP address or name of the Trap Server used by your network.	No
Trap Community	Use a community string match for authentication; Maximum of 30 characters.	No

**Private MIB information**

Different VPorts have different object IDs.

**NOTE** The MIB file is MOXA-VPORTEXX-MIB.mib (or.my). You can find it on the software CD or the download center of the Moxa website.

## Modbus/TCP

Modbus is a serial communications protocol that is often used to connect a supervisory computer with a remote terminal unit (RTU) in supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) systems. To transmit Modbus over a TCP/IP network, a standard Modbus/TCP protocol is provided. With the support of the Modbus/TCP protocol, the SCADA/HMI system can directly communicate with the VPort to acquire its operational status.

### ModBus/TCP

Modbus is a serial communications protocol for the industrial devices' communications with the SCADA/HMI system. With the Modbus/TCP protocol, the SCADA/ HMI system can directly communicate with VPort for acquiring the working status.

Enable ModBus/TCP

**Save**

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable Modbus/TCP	Enable the Modbus/TCP protocol	Disable

**NOTE** For the Modbus address table, please refer to the appendix Modbus Address table

## Moxa Service

Moxa Service is a Moxa proprietary discovery method. In some cases, users can disable Moxa Service to prevent the VPort from being discovered by Moxa’s VPort and EtherDevice Configurator Utility.

### Moxa Service

Moxa Service is for the device search capability by Moxa software or utility

Enable

**Save**

## IEEE 802.1x

IEEE 802.1X is a network security protocol for authenticating devices that want to connect to a LAN or WLAN. If a network is protected by this authentication, the user will need to enable the protocol from VPort and enter the username and password for the network. There are three methods of 802.1X EAP supported by VPort.

### 1. MD5

#### IEEE 802.1X

Enable 802.1X

EAP Method

EAP-MD5 ▼

Username

Password

**Save**

EAP-MD5 provides the minimal security. Differs from other EAP methods, it only provides authentication of the EAP peer to the EAP server but not mutual authentication.

### 2. PEAP-MSCHAPv2

#### IEEE 802.1X

Enable 802.1X

EAP Method

EAP-PEAP/MSCHAPv2 ▼

Identify

Password

**Save**

EAP-PEAP/MSCHAPv2 is a password-based, challenge-response, mutual authentication protocol that uses Message-Digest Algorithm (MD4) and Data Encryption Standard (DES) to encrypt responses. It is used primarily in Microsoft Active Directory environments.

### 3. TLS

#### IEEE 802.1X

Enable 802.1X

EAP Method

EAP-TLS ▼

CA Certificate

**Browse**

**Upgrade**

CA Certificate Status

no file

Client Certificate

**Browse**

**Upgrade**

Client Certificate Status

no file

Identify

Client Private Key

Password

**Save**

Within 802.1X, the EAP-TLS exchange of messages provides mutual authentication, negotiation of the encryption method, and encrypted key determination between a supplicant and an authentication server. Unlike PEAP-MSCHAPv2 (which requires only server-side certificates), EAP-TLS requires client-side and server-side certificates for mutual authentication.

Every end user and computer, including the authentication server, which participates in EAP-TLS must possess at least two certificates:

- A client certificate signed by the certificate authority (CA)
- A copy of the CA root certificate

Therefore, the CA Certificate and Client Certificate need to be uploaded to VPort with the identify (user name) and password.

## SSH

Secure Shell (SSH) is a network protocol for securing data communication. Select the checkbox to enable SSH for your VPort.

### SSH

Enable SSH

Save

## LLDP

LLDP is an OSI Layer 2 protocol defined by IEEE 802.11AB. LLDP standardizes the self-identification advertisement method, and allows each networking device to periodically send its system and configuration information to its neighbors. Because of this, all LLDP devices are kept informed of each other's status and configuration, and with SNMP, this information can be transferred to Moxa's MXview for auto-topology and network visualization.

From the VPort's web interface, you can enable or disable LLDP, and set the LLDP transmit interval. In addition, you can view each VPort's neighbor-list, which is reported by its network neighbors. Most importantly, enabling the LLDP function allows Moxa's MXview to automatically display the network's topology and system setup details for the entire network.

### LLDP (IEEE 802.1AB)

Operating Mode

Transmit and receive ▼

Transmit interval

30 second(s) (1 ~ 3600 secs)

Save

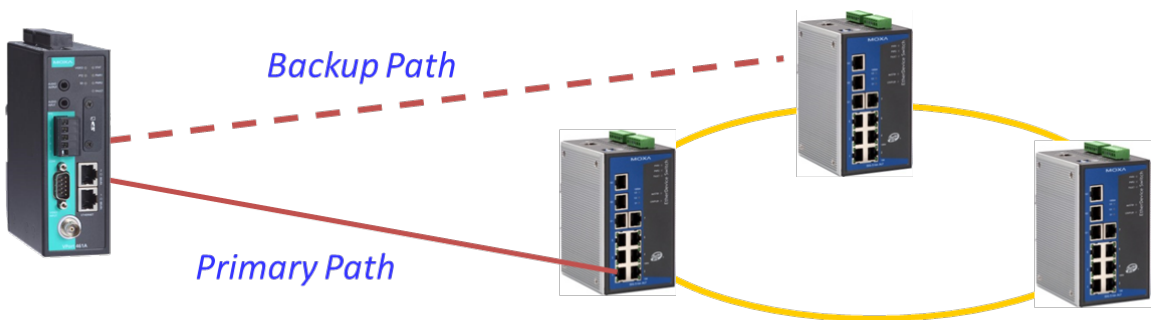
Setting	Description	Default
Operation mode	Choose the LLDP operation mode: Disabled, Transmit only, Receive only, or Transmit and receive.	Transmit and receive
Transmit interval	Sets the transmit interval of LLDP messages, in seconds.	30

### Ethernet Port

VPort 461A supports 2 Ethernet ports for cascade link and port redundancy. The user can select which model should be used, or just choose the single port being used.



Cascade (daisy) link



Port Redundancy

### Ethernet Port Setting

There are 2 Ethernet ports in this VPort, which can be configured in cascade mode for convenient installation, or redundant mode for securing the video transmission.

#### Connection Mode Setting

Cascade Mode
  Redundant Mode
  Single Port Mode
 Port 1 ▾

*Note:* Due to the bandwidth's limitation, the video channels being cascaded will also be limited for optimal transmission performance. Installer should get the bandwidth requirement of each video channel in advance, then the number of video channels can be cascaded will be calculated based on the bandwidth can be used (70% is recommended).

*Note:* For the single port mode, please make sure that the Ethernet port you enable is connected properly. If it is setup in wrong port, you will need to change the physical connection, or change the port number setting via RS-232 console.

**Save**

**NOTE** The 2 Ethernet ports on the VPort 461A's front panel can be used as cascade links or to provide port redundancy. When used as cascade links, you will need to calculate the number of video streams in order to optimize the transmission bandwidth. Calculating the number of video streams is simple using the following formula:

Number of video streams that can be transmitted in cascade link =  $100 \times 0.8$  (20% for the buffer)  $\div$  bit rate of one video streams Therefore, if the number of video streams that can be transmitted in the cascade link is 16, a total of 16 units are allowed to be cascaded.

# Video

## Image Settings

### Image Settings

**Image Information**

Description:

**Image Appearance**

Image Information:

Not Shown

Shown on the caption

Shown on the image

Position X:  (0~400)

Position Y:  (0~300)

**Save**



#### Image Information Setting

Setting	Description	Default
Description (max. of 20 characters)	The customized description shown on the caption to identify this video camera.	None

#### Image Appearance Setting

Setting	Description	Default
Image Information	Determines how image information is shown. Options are: Not Shown, Show on the Caption, and Show on image	Not Shown

#### Image Appearance Position

The position of the Image Appearance window can be changed by configuring Position X (0 to 400) and Position Y (0 to 300).



## Image Tuning

The administrator can fine tune image attributes in **Brightness, Contrast, Saturation, and Hue**. Also, the image position on the display can be fine-tuned in **Horizontal** and **Vertical** if its required.

### Image Tuning

**Image Adjustments**

Brightness  ▾

Saturation  ▾

Contrast  ▾

Sharpness  ▾

Hue  ▾

Horizontal

Vertical

## Video Encoder

The VPort supports up to three video encoders for generating video stream profiles. The three video encoders can each be configured with different codecs (H.264 or MJPEG), resolution, FPS (frame rate), and video quality.

### Video Encoder Settings

**Modulation**

AUTO  NTSC  PAL

**Video Encoder**

▾

Codec Type  ▾

Resolution  ▾

Frame Rate Limit (FPS)

Quality  ▾

#### Resolution Type

Setting	Description	Default
AUTO, NTSC or PAL	Choose NTSC or PAL resolution type for your system	AUTO

#### Video Encoder

Setting	Description	Default
Videoencoder01	To configure the attributes of the video encoder	Videoencoder01
Videoencoder02		
Videoencoder03		

#### Codec Type

This codec type shows the codec of each video stream.

Setting	Description	Default
Codec type	Configure the codec type of the video encoder: H.264, MJPEG	H.264

**Resolution**

Different VPort models support different resolutions. See each model's specifications for details.

Setting	Description	Default
Select the image size	6 image resolutions (size) are provided. The administrator can choose each option with NTSC or PAL modulation.	720x576

Resolution	NTSC	PAL
Full D1	720 x 480	720 x 576
4CIF	704 x 480	704 x 576
VGA	640 x 480	640 x 480
CIF	352 x 240	352 x 288
QVGA	320 x 240	320 x 240
QCIF	176 x 112	176 x 144

**Max. FPS (Frame per second)**

Setting	Description	Default
Frame Rate Limit (FPS)	Configure the maximum FPS (frames per second); up to 30	30

**NOTE** Frame rate (frames per second) is determined by the resolution, image data size (bit rate), and transmission traffic status. The Administrator and users can check the frame rate status in the FPS Status on the VPort's web homepage.

**NOTE** Enabling more video streams can lower the frame rate of each video stream.

**Quality**

Setting	Description	Default
Quality	The administrator can set the image quality to one of 5 standards: <b>Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, or Excellent</b> . The VPort will tune the bandwidth and FPS automatically to the optimum combination.	Good

The video encoder setting supports an **Advanced Setting**. Click on the Advance Mode button to view the following configuration options.

Bitrate Limit (kBits):

H.264 Key Frame Interval:  ▼

Multicast Setting

IP Address:

Port:

TTL:

Session Timeout (sec):

Multicast Send Userdata:

Auto Start:

**Save**

Setting	Description	Default
Bitrate Limit (kbps) (only for H.264)	The administrator can fix the bandwidth to tune the video quality and FPS (frames per second) to the optimum combination. Different resolutions have different bandwidth parameters. The VPort will tune the video performance according to the bandwidth. A higher bandwidth means better quality and higher FPS.	4000
H.264 Key Frame Interval	Configure the key frame interval of the H.264 stream. A low number means higher video quality (due to more key frames), but more bandwidth will be consumed. If you have concerns about bandwidth, then select a higher number for <i>key frame interval</i> .	15

### Multicast Setting

Setting	Description	Default
IP Address	Multicast Group address for sending a video stream.	239.127.0.100
Port	Video port number.	Videoecnode01: 5556 Videoencoder02: 5558 Videoencoder03: 5560
TTL	Multicast-TTL (Time-to-live) threshold. A certain TTL threshold is defined for each network interface or tunnel. A multicast packet's TTL must be larger than the defined TTL for that packet to be forwarded across that link.	128
Session Timeout (sec)	Timeout between the client and the stream	15 (seconds)
Multicast Send Userdata	Configure the video stream with or without userdata	Enable
Auto Start	Enable/disable the Multicast stream push mode	Disable

**NOTE** Image quality, FPS, and bandwidth are influenced significantly by network throughput, system network bandwidth management, applications the VPort runs (such as VMD), how complicated the image is, and the performance of your PC or notebook when displaying images. The administrator should take into consideration all of these variables when designing the video over IP system, and when specifying the requirements for the video system.

**NOTE** [Click here](#) to access Moxa's "Bandwidth & Storage Calculator" to estimate the network bandwidth based on different resolutions, FPS values, and video content.

## Prealarm

The Prealarm settings determine which video encoder will be used for prealarm images.

### PreAlarm Settings

Enable PreAlarm  
Encoder(MJPEG) Name    
Port

Setting	Description	Default
Enable Prealarm	Enable of Disable the Prealarm function	disable
Encoder name	Select which encoder will be used for Prealarm	Videoencoder03
Port	Configure the network port for this prealarm encoder.	1128

# Audio

VPort 461A support an audio input (line-in or microphone in), or audio output (line out). The audio streaming configuration is required for video/audio streams.

## Audio Input

### Audio Input Settings

**Audio Source**

Line In  
 Microphone  
 Volume:  (0 to 10)  Mute

**Audio Encoder**

AudioEncoder01 ▾  
 Codec Type  ▾  
 Multicast Settings  
 IP Address   
 Port   
 TTL   
 Session Timeout (sec)   
 Auto Start

**Save**

#### Audio Source

Setting	Description	Default
Line in or microphone	Choose the audio source in line or microphone	Line in
Volume	Configure the audio volume, or Mute	Volume=2

#### Audio Encoder

Setting	Description	Default
AudioEncoder01	Select the audio encoder. Currently, VPorts only support one audio encoder.	Audioencoder01

#### Codec type

Setting	Description	Default
Codec Type	Some of VPorts support both PCMU and AAC audio codecs. The user can configure the codec type here.	PCMU

#### Multicast Setting

Setting	Description	Default
IP Address	Multicast Group address for sending an audio stream.	239.127.0.100
Port	Audio port number.	Audioencoder01: 5572
TTL	Multicast-TTL (Time-to-live) threshold. A certain TTL threshold is defined for each network interface or tunnel. A multicast packet's TTL must be larger than the defined TTL for that packet to be forwarded across that link.	128
Session Timeout (sec)	Timeout between the client and the stream	15 (seconds)
Auto Start	Enable/disable the Multicast stream push mode	Disable

## Audio Output

### Audio Output Settings

Audio Output

Volume:  (0 to 10)  Mute

Setting	Description	Default
Volume	Configure the audio, volume or Mute	Volume=5

**NOTE** Currently, VPorts only support PCM (G.711) mono audio. After firmware V1.1 is released, the AAC will also be supported.

## Metadata

The metadata includes date, time, event, alarm, etc., and even some private information. The metadata can be sent with the video stream to provide the information to the system. If the video stream is in unicast mode, the metadata will be sent with the video stream. If the video stream is in multicast mode, then the following multicast settings are required.

### Multicast setting

Setting	Description	Default
IP Address	Multicast Group address for sending the metadata.	239.127.0.100
Port	metadata port number.	5588
TTL	Multicast-TTL (Time-to-live) threshold. A certain TTL threshold is defined for each network interface or tunnel. A multicast packet's TTL must be larger than the defined TTL for that packet to be forwarded across that link.	128
Session Timeout (sec)	Timeout between the client and the stream	15 (seconds)
Auto Start	Enable/disable the Multicast stream push mode	Disable

## Streaming

### CBR Pro

### CBRPro. Settings

Limit the maximum throughput of each connection in  (4~5000)kbits within  (1~1000)milliseconds

General CBR (constant bit rate) configuration limits throughput to 1 second, but since video streaming is designed to transmit immediately to shorten latency, network throughput may experience a burst in action during short time periods, in which case packet loss will occur if the network bandwidth buffer is not large enough. When packet loss occurs, images will show a mosaic effect. For this reason, the VPort supports an advanced CBR Pro™ function, which can enable the flow control of image packets to ensure no packet loss for limited bandwidth transmissions, such as on xDSL or wireless networks.



Setting	Description	Default
Limit the maximum throughput of each connection to <input type="text"/> kbits within <input type="text"/> milliseconds	Configure how much throughput is allowed on the network within the given number of milliseconds. For example, if the configuration is 20 kbits within 5 milliseconds, the video packet throughput will be limited to 20 kbits within 5 milliseconds.	20 kbits within 5 milliseconds

## PTZ

The VPort supports PTZ (PAN/TILT/ZOOM) motorized camera control via an RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485 PTZ/COM port. Before setting up camera control, the administrator should first connect the PTZ camera to the VPort's PTZ port or COM port.

### PTZ Configuration

#### PTZ Configurations

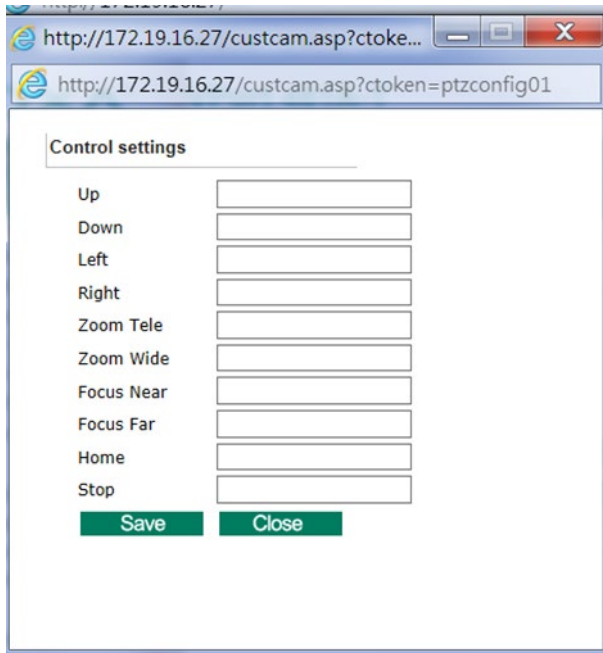
PTZ Configuration List  
 PTZConfig01[ptznode01] ▼  
 Interface  
 PTZ Port ▼  
 PTZ Camera Driver

Select the camera driver: PelcoD ▼ Remove Camera Driver  
Set up Custom Camera  
 Browse Upload a PTZ Camera Driver  
Save

Setting	Description	Default
Interface	Choose the PTZ port or COM port for controlling the PTZ camera	PTZ port
Select the camera driver	Choose the PTZ camera driver being used: Pelco P, Pelco D, or custom camera	Pelco D

#### Setting Up a Custom Camera

If the PTZ camera's driver is not in the list, the administrator can select the custom camera from the Select Camera driver menu to program the PTZ camera with ASCII code. A custom camera window will pop up when the **Setup Custom Camera** button is clicked. Input the ASCII code into this window. **Control Settings** are for programming the **TILT (Move Up, Move Down)**, **PAN (Move Left, Move Right)**, **HOME**, **ZOOM (Zoom in, Zoom out)** and **FOCUS (Focus near, Focus Far)** actions.



**Uploading a PTZ Camera Driver**

In addition to the PTZ camera drivers and custom camera functions supported by the VPort, an alternative user-friendly **Upload a PTZ Camera Driver** function is available for implementing the PTZ camera control. Moxa will release new PTZ camera drivers to Moxa’s website as they become available. Administrators can click on **Browse** to upload the new PTZ camera drivers to the VPort. In addition, the administrator can also remove the PTZ driver by selecting the PTZ driver and clicking the **Remove Camera Driver** button.

**NOTE** The control protocols are available from the PTZ camera’s supplier. You will need to get the protocols from the supplier before programming the PTZ camera.

**Preset**

**PTZ Settings**

PTZ Config Content

Config Name:  Camera ID:

Default Setting: Pan Speed:  Tilt Speed:  Zoom Speed:  Timeout:  mSec

[AV-TCPI] 2012/11/23 09:23:11

**PTZ Camera Control**

Directional pad:

ZOOM

AUTO FOCUS

AUTO IRIS

Tilt Speed

Pan Speed

Zoom Speed

Position Alias

Preset Position

Go To

**PTZ config content**

Setting	Description	Default
Config Name	Configure the name of these PTZ settings	PTZConfig01
Camera ID	ID of the PTZ camera.	1
Pan Speed	Speed of the PAN motion	8
Tilt Speed	Speed of the TILT motion	8
Zoom Speed	Speed of the Zoom motion	8
Timeout	Configure the timeout period when there is no response after a command is sent	0

**Setting Up a Preset Position**

Administrators can use the Preset Position function to set up the behavior of the PTZ camera in advance, and then users with camera control privilege can move the camera's lens to a preset position without the need to control the pan, tilt, and zoom buttons on the PTZ control panel.

Setting	Description	Default
Position Alias	Customized name of the preset position	blank
Preset Position	VPorts support a preset position for quick PTZ operation, although different VPorts support different maximum preset positions (for example, the VPort 66-2MP supports up to 128 preset positions).	blank
Go to	The administrator can use "Go to" to select or test the preset position before the save.	Select
Set Home	This button can decide the Home position of PTZ control	
ZOOM Auto Focus Auto IRIS	These buttons are to fine tune the PTZ camera's lens positions.	
TILT SPEED PAN SPEED ZOOM SPEED	These items are used to change the speed of TILT, PAN and ZOOM.	8

**NOTE** For those VPorts that support digital zoom, press the "+" button to zoom in on the image.

## Serial Port

The VPort 461A has 2 serial ports. One is the PTZ port and the other is the COM port. Both ports can be set for RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485. Refer to the Quick Installation Guide or Chapter 2 for the connector type and pin assignment.

### PTZ port

#### PTZ Port Setting

**Interface Mode**

Select the serial interface: RS485-2Wire ▾

---

**Port Settings**

Baud rate (bps) 9600 ▾

Data bits 8 ▾

Stop bits 1 ▾

Parity bit None ▾

---

**Control Mode**

Transparent PTZ Control (function is pending)

Specific PTZ Driver

Save



**Interface mode**

Setting	Description	Default
Select the serial interface	The PTZ port supports 3 serial interfaces, although only one interface can be used at a time. Depending on the interface used by the attached device, administrators must set the Interface to either RS-232, RS-422, or RS485.	RS485

**Port Setting**

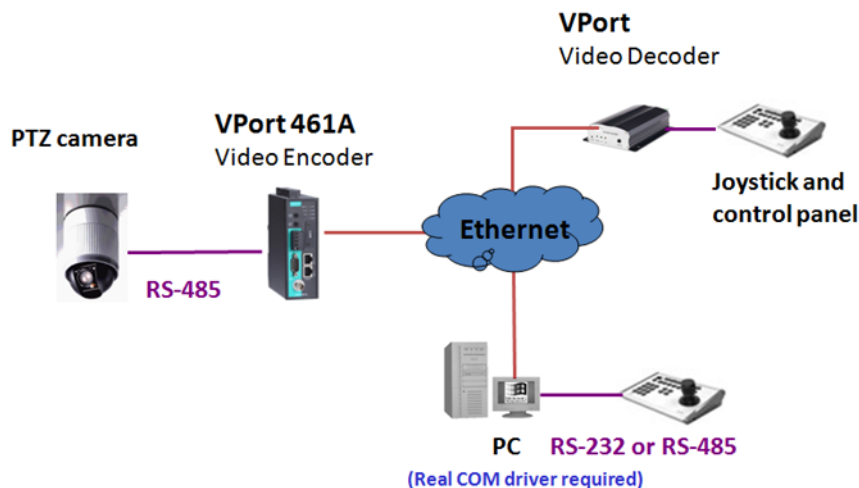
Setting	Description	Default
Baud rate (bps)	The baud rate specified by the PTZ camera's serial communication specs	9600
Data bits	The parameters used to define the serial communication	8
Stop bits	The parameters used to define the serial communication	1
Parity bits	The parameters used to define the serial communication	None

**Control mode**

The VPort supports 2 PTZ modes: "Transparent PTZ control" and "Specific PTZ driver."

**Transparent PTZ Control**

Select Transparent PTZ Control to control the PTZ camera with a legacy PTZ control panel or joystick connected to the CCTV system. The application is illustrated in the following figures.



In Transparent PTZ Control mode, the serial data from the legacy PTZ control panel or joystick will be transformed into IP packets for transmission over a TCP/IP network, and once the VPort video encoder receives these IP packets, the PTZ control commands will be transformed back to serial data format for controlling the PTZ camera's action. You do not need to install a PTZ driver to control the PTZ camera's action, which means that a large variety of different PTZ cameras can be used with the VPort video encoders and their supported PTZ control panel or joystick.

**NOTE** The legacy PTZ control panel or joystick should be connected to the VPort's PTZ port or the COM port of a PC. But, when it is connected to a PC's COM port, you will need to install a real COM driver on the PC and map the COM ports. For detailed information, refer to the VPort SDK PLUS-ActiveX Control SDK for the Real COM driver and COM port mapping function sample codes. You can download this SDK from Moxa's website ([www.moxa.com](http://www.moxa.com)).

**NOTE** The Transparent PTZ Control will be available after V1.1 firmware version.

**Specific PTZ driver**

Usually, a PTZ driver is required to control a PTZ camera over a TCP/IP network. This is because each PTZ camera supplier has their own proprietary PTZ control protocol. VPort video encoders support all popular PTZ drivers for controlling PTZ cameras.

Setting	Description	Default
Control Mode	Select the PTZ control mode in <b>Transparent PTZ Control</b> or <b>Specific PTZ Driver</b>	<b>Specific PTZ Driver</b>

**COM port**

The COM port has 2 uses: PTZ control and serial device control.

**NOTE** The serial device control will be available after V1.1 firmware version.

**COM Port Setting**

**Interface Mode**

Select the serial interface: RS485-2Wire ▼

---

**Port Settings**

Baud rate (bps) 9600 ▼

Data bits 8 ▼

Stop bits 1 ▼

Parity bit None ▼

---

**Function**

Select the COM port function: Serial Device Control ▼

---

**Port Settings**

Real COM Mode (function is pending) ▼

---

**Data Packing**

Delimiter 1 0 (Hex)  Enable

Delimiter 2 0 (Hex)  Enable

Force Transmit 0 (0 - 65535 ms)

Save

**Interface mode**

Setting	Description	Default
Select the serial interface	The COM port supports 3 serial interfaces, although only one interface can be used at a time. Depending on the interface used by the attached device, administrators must set the Interface mode to either RS-232, RS-422, or RS485.	RS485

**Function**

This COM port supports 2 functions: Serial Device Control and PTZ Camera Control. Each function has different configurations.

**Serial Device Control**

The VPort supports 2 operation modes when using serial device control mode over a TCP/IP network: TCP Server Mode and TCP Client Mode.

**TCP Server Mode**

In TCP Server mode, the VPort provides a unique IP: Port address on a TCP/IP network. The VPort waits passively to be contacted by the host computer, allowing the host computer to establish a connection with and get data from the serial device.

**TCP Client Mode**

In TCP Client mode, the VPort can actively establish a TCP connection to a pre-defined host computer when serial data arrives. After the data has been transferred, the VPort can automatically disconnect from the host computer by using the TCP alive check time or Inactivity timeout settings.

**NOTE** These VPort COM port operation modes only support one connection at the same time.

**NOTE** For more information on serial-to-Ethernet communications, refer to Moxa's NPort Device Server products.

**PTZ Camera Control**

This PTZ Camera Control function is the same as the PTZ port. Refer to the introduction to the configuration of the PTZ Port.

Setting	Description	Default
Select the COM port function	Select the application purpose of this COM port: Serial Device Control or PTZ Camera Control	Serial Device Control

**Port Setting**

Setting	Description	Default
Operation Mode	Select the serial device control operation modes via the TCP/IP network: TCP Server Mode, TCP Client Mode	TCP Server mode
Inactivity time	The VPort automatically closes the TCP connection if there is no serial data activity for the specified time (0 to 65535 milliseconds). Set the time interval to 0 to disable this feature. After the connection is closed, the VPort starts listening for another host's TCP connection.	0

**Data Packing**

Setting	Description	Default
Delimiter 1 Delimiter 2	Once the VPort receives both delimiters through its serial port, it immediately packs all data currently in its buffer and sends it to the VPort's Ethernet port. The value of the delimiter can be set from 00 to FF. In addition, both delimiters can be enabled or disabled.	Disable
Force Transmit	This parameter defines the time interval during which the VPort fetches the serial data from its internal buffer. If data is incoming through the serial port, the VPort stores the data in the internal buffer. The VPort transmits data stored in the buffer via TCP/IP, but only if the internal buffer is full or if the force transmit time interval reaches the time specified under Force Transmit timeout. The time interval can be set between 0 and 65535 milliseconds. Set the time interval to 0 to disable force transmit timeout.	0

**NOTE** Delimiter 2 is optional. If left blank, then Delimiter 1 alone trips clearing of the buffer. If the size of the serial data received is greater than 1 KB, the VPort will automatically pack the data and send it to the Ethernet. However, to use the delimiter function, you must at least enable Delimiter 1. If Delimiter 1 is left blank and Delimiter 2 is enabled, the delimiter function will not work properly.

*TCP Server Mode*

Setting	Description	Default
Local TCP port	The TCP port that the VPort uses to listen to connections, and that other devices must use to contact the VPort. The setting value should be between 1 and 65535.	4001

*TCP Client Mode*

Setting	Description	Default
Destination IP address	Allows the VPort to connect actively to the remote host whose address is set by this parameter.	Blank
Designated Local port	TCP port number for the connection. It can also be enabled or disabled.	Disable
TCP Connect On	<b>Startup:</b> A TCP connection will be established on startup, and will remain active indefinitely. <b>Any Character:</b> A TCP connection will be established when any character is received from the serial interface, and will remain active indefinitely.	Startup

**NOTE** To avoid influencing the video performance, it is strongly recommended that the VPort's COM port should be used for simple serial control and data transmission, such as a card reader

## Event

You can set up all of the events that you want to be detected by the camera; in fact, you may set an action once an event occurs.

### Enable Event

Checkmark those events you would like to enable. Events without a checkmark are disabled.

#### Event Settings

Event Triggers

- Power Failure
- DI (Digital Input)
- VMD (Video Motion Detection)
- Video Loss
- CGI Event
- Camera Tamper
- Ethernet Link Status Change

**Save**

Event	Description
Power Failure	VPort 461A supports 2 redundant power inputs. Once one of them is failed, an event alarm can be triggered.
DI (Digital input)	The DI (digital input) can be connected with external device to trigger event actions.
VMD (Video Motion Detection)	The VPort supports the VMD (video motion detection), which can detect the motion on image, then trigger the event actions
Video Loss	VPort video encoders can detect the analog video signal. Once the video signal is lost, the event actions can be triggered.
CGI Event	The VPort supports the CGI event, which is triggered in CGI commands.
Camera tamper	The camera tamper event will be triggered once the image is blocked, the lens is moved or lose focus.
Ethernet Link Status Change	VPort 461A supports 2 Ethernet ports. Once one of them is disconnected, an event alarm can be triggered.

## Video Motion Detection

Video Motion Detection (VMD) is an intelligent event alarm for video surveillance network systems. With three area-selectable VMDs and sensitivity/percentage tuning, administrators can easily set up the VMD alarm to be active 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

### VMD (Video Motion Detection)

- Enable VMD event
- Show alert on the image when VMD is triggered

Set up VMD Alarm (This live view using the specified profile of client setting.)



EnableWindow	Percent
<input type="checkbox"/> VMD[	] [80 ]
<input type="checkbox"/> VMD[	] [80 ]
<input type="checkbox"/> VMD[	] [80 ]

Sensitivity

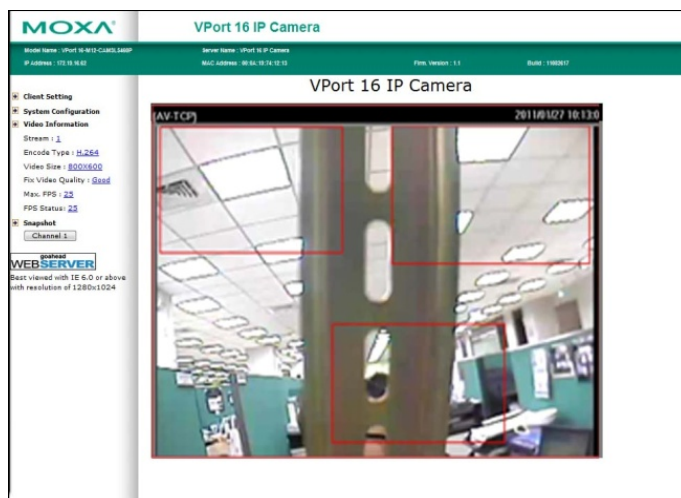
1

Save

Save

Setting	Description	Default
Enable VMD alarm	Enable or disable the Video Motion Detection alarm	Disabled
Show alert on the image when VMD is triggered	Enable or disable “show alert on the image...” When enabled, when a VMD alarm notification is received, a red square frame will be displayed on the video image.	Disabled

**NOTE** Once “Show alert on the image when VMD is triggered” is enabled, the red frames that appear on the homepage image indicate the size of the VMD window set up by the administrator.



**Setup a VMD Alarm**

Setting	Description	Default
Enable	Enable or disable the VMD1, VMD2, or VMD3	Disabled
Window	The name of each VMD window	Blank
Percent	The minimum percentage of change to an image that will trigger VMD. Decrease the percentage to make it easier to trigger VMD.	80
Sensitivity	The measurable difference between two sequential images for triggering VMD. Increase the sensitivity to make it easier for VMD to be triggered.	1

**NOTE** After setting the VMD Alarm, click the Save button to save the changes.

## Camera Tamper

Use the VPort’s camera tamper function to detect malicious behavior done to the camera, such as spray painting, view blocking, angle adjustment, etc. This page allows you to configure the parameters and alarm condition/action of the camera tamper alarm.

### Camera Tamper

Enable Camera Tamper  
 Tamper OSD  
 Sensitivity Level Level 5 v  
 Duration 5 sec. (5 to 10 sec.)  
Save
Reset

Setting	Description	Default
Enable camera tamper event	Enable or disable the digital input alarm	Disabled
Tamper osd	Determines whether or not the camera will display an onscreen warning square when the camera tamper alarm is triggered	Not Display

**Trigger Conditions**

Setting	Description	Default
Sensitivity Level	Configure the sensitivity level for triggering the tampering alarm	Level 5
Duration	How long should the camera tamper behavior persist before the alarm is triggered.	5 sec

## Sequential Snapshot

### Sequential Snapshot

Enable Sequential Snapshot

Profile :

Send sequential snapshot image every  [1~30] second(s)

SMTP enable:

SMTP Server Host:

SMTP Username:

SMTP Password:

SMTP Sender's email address:

SMTP Recipient's Email Address:

FTP enable:

FTP Server Host:

FTP Server Port:

FTP Username:

FTP Password:

FTP Upload Folder:

FTP Passive Mode:

Sequential Snapshot are active all the time

Sequential Snapshot are active based on weekly schedule

SUN Begin  Duration  [hh:mm]

MON Begin  Duration  [hh:mm]

TUE Begin  Duration  [hh:mm]

WED Begin  Duration  [hh:mm]

THU Begin  Duration  [hh:mm]

FRI Begin  Duration  [hh:mm]

SAT Begin  Duration  [hh:mm]

With this feature, the VPort can upload snapshots periodically to an external E-mail or FTP server as a live video source.

Setting	Description	Default
Enable Sequential Snapshots	Enable or disable Sequential Snapshot.	Disable
Profile	Select which video profile will take snapshot images.	Profile01
Send sequential snapshot image every seconds	The time interval between successive snapshot images.	1 second (from 1 second to 30 seconds)

#### SMTP

Setting	Description	Default
SMTP enable	Enable the SMTP system for emailing the snapshot images	disable
SMTP server host	SMTP Server's IP address or URL address.	None
SMTP username	For security reasons, most SMTP servers require the account name and password to be authenticated.	None
SMTP password		None
SMTP Sender's email address	For security reasons, SMTP servers must see the exact sender email address.	None
SMTP Recipient's email address	For security reasons, SMTP servers must see the exact recipient's email address.	None

**NOTE** Note that if the **Sender's email address** is not set, a warning message will pop up and the e-mail system will not be allowed to operate.

**FTP**

Setting	Description	Default
FTP enable	Enable the FTP system to save snapshot images remotely.	Disable
FTP server host	FTP server's IP address or URL address.	None
FTP server port	FTP server's authentication.	21
FTP user name		None
FTP password		None
FTP upload folder	FTP file storage folder on the remote FTP server.	None
FTP passive mode	Passive transfer solution for FTP transmission through a firewall.	Disabled

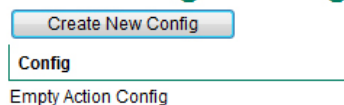
**Weekly Schedule**

Setting	Description	Default
Sequential Snapshot are active all the time	The Sequential Snapshot function is always active.	Sequential Snapshot are active all the time
Sequential Snapshot are active based on weekly schedule	The Sequential Snapshot is activated based on the configured weekly schedule.	

Setting	Description	Default
<input type="checkbox"/> Sun <input type="checkbox"/> Mon <input type="checkbox"/> Tue <input type="checkbox"/> Wed <input type="checkbox"/> Thu <input type="checkbox"/> Fri <input type="checkbox"/> Sat	Select which days of the week to schedule event alarms.	None
Begin 00:00	Set the start time of the event alarm.	00:00
Duration 00:00	Set how long the event alarm will be active.	00:01

**Actions****Action Config**

To set up an event alarm, the corresponding action needs to be configured first.

**Action Configs Settings**

**Step 1: Click the "Create New Config" button.**

**Step 2: Create the new action.**

Setting	Description	Default
Config Name	Configure the name of the new action	None
Action Type	Select the Action Type: Active Relay, Dynastream, HTTP Post, Snapshot via Email, Snapshot via FTP, SD record	Active Relay

Different actions have different configuration items.



**Active Relay**

**Create New Action Config**

Config Name:

Action type: 

- Active Relay
- DynaStream
- HTTP Post
- Snapshot via EMail
- Snapshot via FTP
- SD Record

Item Name	Item Value
Relay Token:	do01
Active Mode:	Active

**Save**

Settings	Description	Default
Relay token	Select the relay output	Do01
Active mode	Select Acitve or Deactive for the relay behavior	Active

**DynaStream**

DynaStream™ is a unique and innovative function that allows for adaptive frame rates in response to events on the network, such as event triggers and system commands. When network traffic becomes congested, DynaStream™ allows VPort products to respond to CGI, SNMP, and Modbus commands from SCADA systems, and automatically decrease the frame rates to reduce bandwidth consumption. This reserves bandwidth for the SCADA system to maintain Quality of Service (QoS) and guarantees that the SCADA performance will not be impacted by video traffic. For example, the frame rate can be set to low during regular streaming to reduce bandwidth usage and automatically switch to a high frame rate during triggered events to ensure quick transmission of critical video data or video streams, or to provide detailed visual images for problem analysis.

**Create New Action Config**

Config Name:

Action type: 

- Active Relay
- DynaStream
- HTTP Post
- Snapshot via EMail
- Snapshot via FTP
- SD Record

Item Name	Item Value
Video Encoder Token:	videoEnc01
Alarm FPS:	1
Duration Sec:	3

**Save**

Settings	Description	Default
Video Encoder	Select the video encoder.	Videoencoder01
Alarm FPS	Configure what the frame rate will be set to when the event is triggered.	1
Duration	Configure how long Dynastream will be active.	3 seconds

**NOTE** To enable the DynaStream function from CGI commands and Modbus TCP, refer to the CGI Commands User’s Manual for VPort SDK PLUS.

**HTTP Post**

### Create New Action Config

Config Name:

Action type: 

- Active Relay
- DynaStream
- HTTP Post
- Snapshot via EMail
- Snapshot via FTP
- SD Record

Item Name	Item Value
Server HTTP URI: *	<input type="text"/>
User name:	<input type="text"/>
User password:	<input type="text"/>
POST String:	<input type="text"/>

**Save**

Settings	Description	Default
Server HTTP URL	URL of the HTTP server.	None
User name	Authentication information for the HTTP server.	None
User Password		
POST String	Configure the string that will be posted.	None

**Snapshot via Email**

### Create New Action Config

Config Name:

Action type: 

- Active Relay
- DynaStream
- HTTP Post
- Snapshot via EMail
- Snapshot via FTP
- SD Record

Item Name	Item Value
Server Host: *	<input type="text"/>
User name:	<input type="text"/>
User password:	<input type="text"/>
Sender Address: *	<input type="text"/>
Recipient Address: *	<input type="text"/>
Pre-Snapshot sec (0: Disable):	0 ▾
Post-Snapshot sec (0: Disable):	0 ▾
Enable Datetime prefix string:	Disable ▾
Customer prefix string:	<input type="text"/>

**Save**

Settings	Description	Default
Server host	SMTP server's IP address or URL address.	None
User name	For security reasons, most SMTP servers require the account name and password to be authenticated.	None
User password		
Sender's address	For security reasons, SMTP servers must see the exact sender email address.	None
Recipient's address	For security reasons, SMTP servers must see the exact recipient's email address.	None

Settings	Description	Default
Pre-Snapshot sec (0: disabled)	= 0: A pre-snapshot image will not be generated. > 0: The image this many seconds before the event will be used as the pre-snapshot image.	0
Post-Snapshot sec (0: disabled)	= 0: A post-snapshot image will not be generated. > 0: The image this many seconds after the event will be used as the post-snapshot image.	0
Enable Datetime prefix string	Add the date & time to the file name of snapshot images	disable
Customer prefix string	The file names of snapshot images will be prefixed with this string.	none

**Snapshot via FTP**

### Create New Action Config

Config Name:

Action type: 

- Active Relay
- DynaStream
- HTTP Post
- Snapshot via EMail
- Snapshot via FTP**
- SD Record

Item Name	Item Value
Server Host:	* <input type="text"/>
Server Port:	* <input type="text"/>
User name:	<input type="text"/>
User password:	<input type="text"/>
Upload Path:	<input type="text"/>
Passive Mode:	Disable ▾
Pre-Snapshot sec (0: Disable):	0 ▾
Post-Snapshot sec (0: Disable):	0 ▾
Enable Datetime prefix string:	Disable ▾
Customer prefix string:	<input type="text"/>

**Save**

Setting	Description	Default
Server Host	FTP server's IP address or URL address.	None
Server Port	FTP server's authentication information.	None
User name		None
User password		None
Upload path		FTP file storage folder on the remote FTP server.
Passive Mode	Passive transfer solution for FTP transmission through a firewall.	Disabled
Pre-Snapshot sec (0: Disable)	= 0: A pre-snapshot image will not be generated. > 0: The image this many seconds before the event will be used as the pre-snapshot image.	0
Post-Snapshot sec (0: Disable)	= 0: A post-snapshot image will not be generated. > 0: The image this many seconds after the event will be used as the post-snapshot image.	0
Enable Datetime prefix string	Add the date & time to the file name of snapshot image	disable
Customer prefix string	The file names of snapshot images will be prefixed with this string.	none

*SD Record (not supported by all VPorts)*

### Create New Action Config

Config Name:

Action type: 

- Active Relay
- DynaStream
- HTTP Post
- Snapshot via EMail
- Snapshot via FTP
- SD Record**

Item Name	Item Value
Profile Token:	<input type="text" value="profile01"/>
Post-Record Sec:	<input type="text" value="1"/>

Settings	Description	Default
Profile Token	Select the profile being recorded on the SD card.	Profile01
POST-record sec	Configure the time (1 to 60 seconds) for recording the video on the SD card after the event.	1

**Step 3: An action list will be displayed on the webpage.**

### Action Configs Settings

**Config**

- event1 (SD Record) ▼
- event1 (SD Record)**
- event2 (Active Relay)

Config Name:

Action type: [SD Record]

Action Enabled:

Item Name	Item Value
Profile Token:	<input type="text" value="profile01"/>
Post-Record Sec:	<input type="text" value="1"/>

### Action Trigger

After the action type is configured, users can configure how to trigger the action.

### Action Triggers Settings

**Trigger**

Empty Action Trigger

**Step 1: Click the “Create New Trigger” button.**

**Step 2: Create the new trigger.**

Setting	Description	Default
Trigger Name	Configure the name of the new trigger	None
Trigger event	Select the event Type: Power Fail, Digital input, VMD, Video Loss, Tamper, CGI trigger, Ethernet Link status	Active Relay

Different triggers have different configuration items.

**Power fail**

**Action Trigger Settings**

Trigger Name:

Trigger Events:

Param Name	Param Value
Token	<input type="text" value="power01"/>
Failed	<input type="text" value="true"/>

Setting	Description	Default
Token	Choose the Power 1 (power01) or Power 2 (power02) for trigger the action	Power01
Failed	Configure the power fail in true or false	true

**Digital input**

**Create New Action Trigger**

Trigger Name:

Trigger Events:

Param Name	Param Value
DI Number	<input type="text" value="di01"/>
LogicalState	<input type="text" value="High"/>

Settings	Description	Default
DI number	Select digital input	DI01
Logical State	Configure the DI status to High or Low	High

**VMD**

**Action Trigger Settings**

Trigger Name:

Trigger Events:

Param Name	Param Value
Channel Number	<input type="text" value="videoSrcCfg01"/>
VMD	<input type="text" value="1"/>
State	<input type="text" value="true"/>

Settings	Description	Default
Channel Number	Select the video source. Currently, VPort only have one video source.	videoSrcCfg01
VMD	Select the VMD 1 or 2 or 3 for triggering the action	1
State	Enable (true) or disable (false) the VMD trigger	true

*Video Loss*

### Action Trigger Settings

Trigger Name:

Trigger Events:

Param Name	Param Value
Source	<input type="text" value="capture01"/>
State	<input type="text" value="true"/>

Setting	Description	Default
Source	Choose the video source for detecting the video loss event	Capture 1
State	Configure the video loss in true or false	true

*CGI trigger*

### Create New Action Trigger

Trigger Name:

Trigger Events:

Param Name	Param Value
CGITrigger	<input type="text" value="1"/>

Settings	Description	Default
CGITrigger	Select from 5 CGI triggers.	1

*Tamper*

### Action Trigger Settings

Trigger Name:

Trigger Events:

Param Name	Param Value
Channel Number	<input type="text" value="videoSrcCfg01"/>

Settings	Description	Default
Channel Number	Select the video source. Currently, VPort IP cameras only have one video source.	videoSrcCfg01

*Ethernet Link Status*

### Action Trigger Settings

Trigger Name:

Trigger Events:

Param Name	Param Value
Token	<input type="text" value="eth0_port1"/>
Link	<input type="text" value="LinkDown"/>

Settings	Description	Default
Token	Select the Ethernet port number. Some VPorts have 2 Ethernet ports.	Eth0_port1
Link	Configure the trigger to Linkdown or Linkup	Linkdown

**NOTE** When the Ethernet link is down, you will not be able to access the VPort via the IP network. In this case, the local relay output will be active, and video can be recorded on the VPort's SD card.

### Step 3: Select the corresponding actions.

After the triggers are configured, you need to select corresponding trigger actions. In the example shown below, there are 2 actions: event 1 and event 2. For each trigger, either one or both of the actions can be selected as the corresponding trigger action.

Action Configurations:  [SD Record] event1  
 [Active Relay] event2

### Step 4: Configure the schedule of the trigger actions.

Action Configurations:

Event Alarms are active all the time  
 Event Alarms are active based on weekly schedule

SUN Begin 00:00 Duration 00:01 [hh:mm]  
 MON Begin 00:00 Duration 00:01 [hh:mm]  
 TUE Begin 00:00 Duration 00:01 [hh:mm]  
 WED Begin 00:00 Duration 00:01 [hh:mm]  
 THU Begin 00:00 Duration 00:01 [hh:mm]  
 FRI Begin 00:00 Duration 00:01 [hh:mm]  
 SAT Begin 00:00 Duration 00:01 [hh:mm]

Trigger Delay Sec:

**Save**

Setting	Description	Default
Event Alarms are active all the time	The trigger action configurations are always active.	Event Alarms are active all the time
Event Alarms are active based on weekly schedule	The trigger action configurations are activated based on the configured weekly schedule	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sun <input type="checkbox"/> Mon <input type="checkbox"/> Tue <input type="checkbox"/> Wed <input type="checkbox"/> Thu <input type="checkbox"/> Fri <input type="checkbox"/> Sat	Select which days of the week to schedule event alarms.	None
Begin 00:00	Set the start time of the event alarm.	00:00
Duration 00:00	Set how long the event alarm will be active.	00:01
Trigger Delay Sec	The amount of time the system will wait before acting on the next trigger.	10 seconds

## Frequently Asked Questions

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**Q: What if I forget my password?**

A: Unless the authentication is disabled, you will need to log in every time you access the VPort IP camera. If you are *not* the administrator, you will need to ask the administrator to create a new account for you. If you *are* the administrator, there is no way to recover the admin password. The only way to regain access to the IP camera is to use the **RESET** button to restore the camera to its factory default settings.

**Q: Why can't I see video from the IP camera after logging in?**

A: There are several possible reasons:

- (a) If the IP camera is installed correctly and you are accessing the IP camera for the first time using Internet Explorer, adjust the security level of Internet Explorer to allow installation of plug-ins.
- (b) If the problem still exists, the number of users accessing the IP camera at the same time may exceed the maximum that the system allows.
- (c) If the video is still not displayed, try resetting the camera to its factory default settings to see if that solves the problem.

**Q: What is the plug-in for?**

A: The plug-in provided by the IP camera is used to display videos. The plug-in is needed because Internet Explorer does not support streaming technology. If your system does not allow installation of plug-in software, the security level of the web browser may need to be lowered. We recommend consulting the network supervisor in your office before adjusting the security level of your browser.

**Q: Why is the timestamp different from the system time of my PC or notebook?**

A: The timestamp is based on the system time of the IP camera. It is maintained by an internal real-time clock, and automatically synchronizes with the time server if the VPort is connected to the Internet and the function is enabled. If the time zone is changed, subsequent timestamps could be several hours earlier or later than timestamps that were already generated.

**Q: How many users are allowed to access the IP camera at the same time?**

A: Basically, there is no limitation. However the video quality also depends on the network. To achieve the best effect, the VPort IP camera will allow 5 video streams for udp/tcp/http connections. We recommend using an additional web server that retrieves images from the IP camera periodically if you need to host a large number of users.

**Q: What is the IP camera's video rate?**

A: The codec can process 30 frames per second internally. However, the actual performance is affected by many factors, as listed below:

1. Network throughput
2. Bandwidth share
3. Number of users
4. More complicated objects result in larger image files
5. The speed of the PC or notebook that is responsible for displaying images



**Q: How can I keep the IP camera as private as possible?**

A: The IP camera is designed for surveillance purposes and has many flexible interfaces. Enabling user authentication during installation can prevent the VPort from being accessed by people without authorization. You may also change the HTTP port to a non-public number. Check the system log to analyze any abnormal activities and trace the origin of the activity.

**Q: Why can't I access the IP camera after activating certain configuration options?**

A: When the IP camera is triggered by events, video and snapshots will take more time to write to memory. If the events occur too often, the system will always be busy storing video and images. We recommend using sequential mode or an external recorder program to record video if the event you're monitoring occurs frequently. If you prefer to retrieve images by FTP, the time could be smaller since an FTP server responds more quickly than a web server. When the system is "too busy to configure" (i.e., it hangs), use the restore factory default and reset button to restart the system.

# B

## Time Zone Table

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The hour offsets for different time zones are shown below. You will need this information when setting the time zone in automatic date/time synchronization. GMT stands for Greenwich Mean Time, which is the global time that all time zones are measured from.

(GMT-12:00)	International Date Line West
(GMT-11:00)	Midway Island, Samoa
(GMT-10:00)	Hawaii
(GMT-09:00)	Alaska
(GMT-08:00)	Pacific Time (US & Canada), Tijuana
(GMT-07:00)	Arizona
(GMT-07:00)	Chihuahua, La Paz, Mazatlan
(GMT-07:00)	Mountain Time (US & Canada)
(GMT-06:00)	Central America
(GMT-06:00)	Central Time (US & Canada)
(GMT-06:00)	Guadalajara, Mexico City, Monterrey
(GMT-06:00)	Saskatchewan
(GMT-05:00)	Bogota, Lima, Quito
(GMT-05:00)	Eastern Time (US & Canada)
(GMT-05:00)	Indiana (East)
(GMT-04:00)	Atlantic Time (Canada)
(GMT-04:00)	Caracas, La Paz
(GMT-04:00)	Santiago
(GMT-03:30)	Newfoundland
(GMT-03:00)	Brasilia
(GMT-03:00)	Buenos Aires, Georgetown
(GMT-03:00)	Greenland
(GMT-02:00)	Mid-Atlantic
(GMT-01:00)	Azores
(GMT-01:00)	Cape Verde Is.
(GMT)	Casablanca, Monrovia
(GMT)	Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
(GMT+01:00)	Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Stockholm, Vienna
(GMT+01:00)	Belgrade, Bratislava, Budapest, Ljubljana, Prague (GMT+01 :00) Brussels, Copenhagen, Madrid, Paris
(GMT+01:00)	Sarajevo, Skopje, Warsaw, Zagreb
(GMT+01:00)	West Central Africa
(GMT+02:00)	Athens, Istanbul, Minsk
(GMT+02:00)	Bucharest
(GMT+02:00)	Cairo
(GMT+02:00)	Harare, Pretoria
(GMT+02:00)	Helsinki, Kyiv, Riga, Sofia, Tallinn, Vilnius
(GMT+02:00)	Jerusalem
(GMT+03:00)	Baghdad

(GMT+03:00)	Kuwait, Riyadh
(GMT+03:00)	Moscow, St. Petersburg, Volgograd
(GMT+03:00)	Nairobi
(GMT+03:30)	Tehran
(GMT+04:00)	Abu Dhabi, Muscat (GMT+04:00) Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan (GMT+04:30) Kabul
(GMT+05:00)	Ekaterinburg
(GMT+05:00)	Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent (GMT+05:30) Chennai, Kolkata, Mumbai, New Delhi
(GMT+05:45)	Kathmandu
(GMT+06:00)	Almaty, Novosibirsk (GMT+06:00) Astana, Dhaka
(GMT+06:00)	Sri Jayawardenepura (GMT+06:30) Rangoon
(GMT+07:00)	Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta (GMT+07:00) Krasnoyarsk
(GMT+08:00)	Beijing, Chongqing, Hongkong, Urumqi
(GMT+08:00)	Taipei
(GMT+08:00)	Irkutsk, Ulaan Bataar (GMT+08:00) Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (GMT+08:00) Perth
(GMT+09:00)	Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo (GMT+09:00) Seoul
(GMT+09:00)	Yakutsk
(GMT+09:30)	Adelaide
(GMT+09:30)	Darwin
(GMT+10:00)	Brisbane
(GMT+10:00)	Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney
(GMT+10:00)	Guam, Port Moresby (GMT+10:00) Hobart
(GMT+10:00)	Vladivostok
(GMT+11:00)	Magadan, Solomon Is., New Caledonia
(GMT+12:00)	Auckland, Wellington (GMT+ 12:00) Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is.
(GMT+13:00)	Nuku'alofa

## VPort 461A Modbus Address Table

Endian: Big-Endian.

Support	Address	Word (2 Bytes)	Item name	R/W	Value
ModBus Information					
●	0x0000	0x01	Vender ID	R	0x1393
●	0x0001	0x01	Unit ID	R	0x01
●	0x0002	0x02	Product Code	R	Magic Code
	0x0004 : 0x000F	0x0C	Reserve		
Device Information					
●	0x0010 : 0x002F	0x20	Vender Name	R	Moxa\0\0....
●	0x0030 : 0x004F	0x20	Product Name	R	VPort 461A Video Encoder
●	0x0050	0x01	Serial Number	R	Hex
●	0x0051	0x02	Firmware Version	R	Word 0 MSB Major Word 0 LSB Minor Word 1 CV Code
●	0x0053	0x02	Release Date	R	
●	0x0055	0x03	MAC Address	R	AA:BB:CC:DD:EE:FF Word 0: 0xAABB Word 1: 0xCCDD Word 2: 0xEEFF
	0x0058 : 0x00FF	0xA8	Reserve		
Interface Information					
●	0x0100	0x01	Video Input Count	R	
●	0x0101	0x01	DI Count	R	
●	0x0102	0x01	DO Count	R	
●	0x0103	0x01	Power Count	R	
●	0x0104	0x01	Audio In Count	R	
●	0x0105	0x01	Audio Out Count	R	
●	0x0106	0x01	UART Count	R	
●	0x0107	0x01	Lan Port Count	R	
●	0x0108	0x01	State LED Count	R	
●	0x0109	0x01	Fault LED Count	R	

Support	Address	Word (2 Bytes)	Item name	R/W	Value
	Interface Status (Start Addr. 0x0200)				
●	0x200 : 0x23F	Video In Count	Video Input Status	R	0: Video Loss 1: NTSC 2: PAL
●	0x240 : 0x27F	DI Count	DI Status	R	0x0000: Low 0x0001: High
●	0x280 : 0x2BF	DO Count	DO Status	R/W	0x0000: Deactive 0x0001: Active
●	0x2C0 : 0x2FF	Power Count	Power Status	R	0: OFF 1: ON
●	0x380 : 0x3BF	Lan Port Count	Lan Port Status	R	0x0000: Link Down 0x0001: Link Up
●	0x3C0 : 0x3FF	State LED Count	State LED Status	R	0x0003: Solid Green 0x0004: Flashing(Green)
●	0x400 : 0x43F	Fault LED Count	Fault LED Status	R	0x0000: OFF 0x0003: Solid Red
●	0x440 : 0x47F	SD LED Count	SD LED Status	R	0x0000: No SD 0x0001: SD Inserted